

Forward-Looking Statements

Certain information in this presentation constitutes forward-looking statements as contemplated by the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, current views and estimates of our outlook for fiscal 2022, other future economic circumstances, industry conditions in domestic and international markets, our performance and financial results (e.g., debt levels, return on invested capital, value-added product growth, capital expenditures, tax rates, access to foreign markets and dividend policy). These forward-looking statements are subject to a number of factors and uncertainties that could cause our actual results and experiences to differ materially from anticipated results and expectations expressed in such forward-looking statements. We wish to caution readers not to place undue reliance on any forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise. Among the factors that may cause actual results and experiences to differ from anticipated results and expectations expressed in such forward-looking statements are the following: (i) the COVID-19 global pandemic and associated responses thereto have had an adverse impact on our business and operations, and the extent that the COVID-19 pandemic continues to impact us will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain and cannot be predicted with confidence, including the scope, severity and duration of the pandemic, the speed and effectiveness of vaccine and treatment developments and their deployment, and public adoption rates of COVID-19 vaccines and their effectiveness against emerging variants of COVID-19, including the Delta and Omicron variants; (ii) our ability to make effective acquisitions or joint ventures and successfully integrate newly acquired businesses into existing operations; (iii) the effectiveness of our financial fitness program; (iv) the implementation of an enterprise resource planning system; (v) access to foreign markets together with foreign economic conditions, including currency fluctuations, import/export restrictions and foreign politics; (vi) cyber incidents, security breaches or other disruptions of our information technology systems; (vii) risks associated with our failure to consummate favorable acquisition transactions or integrate certain acquisitions' operations; (viii) the Tyson Limited Partnership's ability to exercise significant control over the Company: (ix) fluctuations in the cost and availability of inputs and raw materials, such as live cattle, live swine, feed grains (including corn and soybean meal) and energy; (x) market conditions for finished products, including competition from other global and domestic food processors, supply and pricing of competing products and alternative proteins and demand for alternative proteins; (xi) outbreak of a livestock disease (such as African swine fever (ASF), avian influenza (AI) or bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE)), which could have an adverse effect on livestock we own, the availability of livestock we purchase, consumer perception of certain protein products or our ability to access certain domestic and foreign markets; (xii) changes in consumer perference and diets and our ability to identify and react to consumer trends; (xiii) effectiveness of advertising and marketing programs; (xiv) significant marketing plan changes by large customers or loss of one or more large customers; (xv) our ability to leverage brand value propositions; (xvi) changes in availability and relative costs of laborand contract farmers and our ability to maintain good relationships with team members, labor unions, contract farmers and independent producers providing us livestock; (xvii) issues related to food safety, including costs resulting from product recalls, regulatory compliance and any related claims or litigation; (xviii) compliance with and changes to regulations and laws (both domestic and foreign), including changes in accounting standards, tax laws, environmental laws, agricultural laws and occupational, health and safety laws; (xix) adverse results from litigation; (xx) risks associated with leverage, including cost increases due to rising interest rates or changes in debt ratings or outlook; (xxi) impairment in the carrying value of our goodwill or indefinite life intangible assets; (xxii) our participation in multiemployer pension plans; (xxiii) volatility in capital markets or interest rates; (xxiv) risks associated with our commodity purchasing activities; (xxv) the effect of, or changes in, general economic conditions; (xxvi) impacts on our operations caused by factors and forces beyond our control, such as natural disasters, fire, bioterrorism, pandemics or extreme weather; (xxviii) failure to maximize or assert our intellectual property rights; (xxviii) effects related to changes in tax rates, valuation of deferred tax assets and liabilities, or tax laws and their interpretation; (xxix) the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting, including identification of additional material weaknesses; and (xxx) the other risks and uncertainties detailed from time to time in our filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.



Agenda



John H. Tyson Chairman of the Board 5 Minutes



Donnie King President & CEO 15 Minutes



David Bray Group President, Poultry 15 Minutes



Noelle O'Mara Group President, Prepared Foods 15 Minutes

Break 5 Minutes



Shane Miller Group President, Fresh Meats

15 Minutes



Chris Langholz Group President, International

15 Minutes



15 Minutes



John R. Tyson EVP, Strategy & Chief Sustainability Officer



Stewart Glendinning EVP & Chief Financial Officer 15 Minutes

Break 5 Minutes

Q&A Session – Management Team 60 Minutes



John H. Tyson Chairman of the Board

Our company performance is rooted in our core values

Who We Are

We are a company of people engaged in the production of food, seeking to pursue truth and integrity, and committed to creating value for our shareholders, our customers, our team members, and our communities.

- · We strive to be a company of diverse people.
- · We strive to be honorable.
- · We strive to be a faith-friendly company.

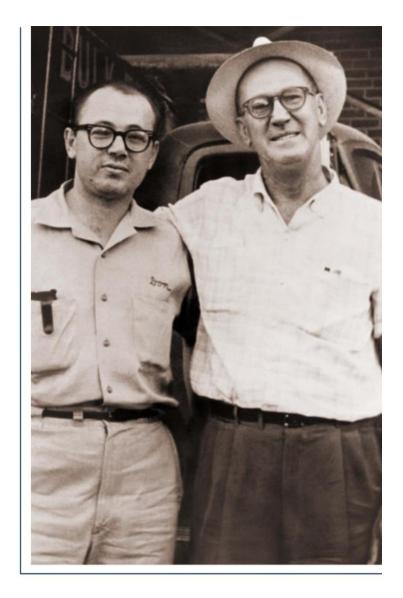
What We Do

- · We feed our families, the nation, and the world with trusted food products.
- We serve as a steward of the animals, land, and environment entrusted to us.
- · We strive to provide a safe work environment for our team members.

How We Do It

- We strive to earn consistent and satisfactory profits for our shareholders and to invest in our people, products, and processes.
- · We strive to operate with integrity and trust in all we do.
- We strive to honor God and be respectful of each other, our customers, and other stakeholders.







Donnie King
President &
Chief Executive Officer

Tyson Foods: outpacing a growing, global protein market

- 1 Recognized leader in an attractive, dynamic market
- Diversified not only across proteins, but also across mix
- 3 Expanding, innovating, and investing in fast-growth markets including Asia
- 4 Initiatives underway to meaningfully expand our operating margins
- 5 An exceptionally strong balance sheet that gives us optionality

Tyson

Global protein consumption is expected to grow over the next decade

+1%

2020 to 2030 CAGR

+95_B

Increase in pounds consumed from 2020 to 2030

+5%

2020 to 2030 CAGR





Tyson Foods is a leading protein company with diverse capabilities, meaningful scale, and respected brands

\$47.0в

2021 Sales

11,000+

Independent Farms Supply Us With Cattle, Hogs, & Chickens

\$4.3B

2021 Adj Operating Income¹

140

Countries Where Products Are Sold

~137,000

Team Members

20%

of the Beef, Pork, & Chicken Produced in the United States

ESTABLISHED

ICONIC







EMERGING





Prepared Foods



73_M Pounds Capacity²

Chicken



47_M Head Capacity²

Beef



155_K Head Capacity²

Pork



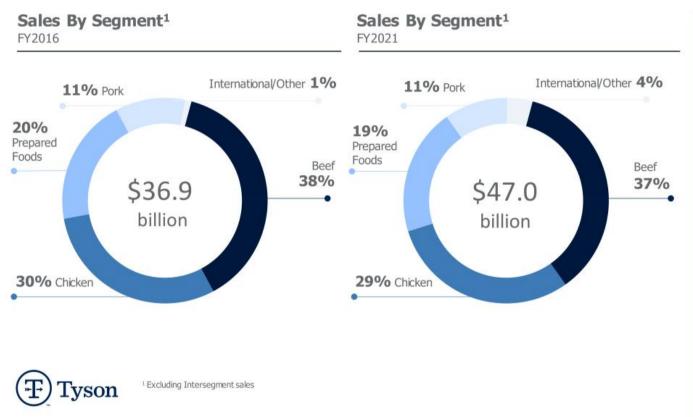
469k Head Capacity²

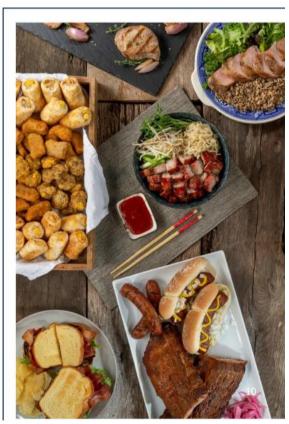


1 Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. Adjusted operating income is explained and reconciled to the comparable GAAP measures in

2 Capacities are presented on a per wieck basis and are based on the following: Beef and Pork (six-day week) and Chicken and Prepared

We have a balanced portfolio that is growing to meet demand





Broad channel access differentiates our business

47%¹ Retail

Key segments

Prepared Foods **59%**Beef **50%**Chicken **44%**Pork **36%**

29%¹ Foodservice

Key segments

Chicken **41%**Prepared Foods **37%**Beef **25%**Pork **10%**



Key segments

Pork 23%
Beef 15%
Chicken 6%
International/Other 100%
Prepared Foods 2%

10%¹
Industrial/
Other

Key segments

Pork **31%**Chicken **9%**Beef **10%**Prepared Foods **2%**



¹ Percentage of 2021 sales by channel.

World-class, experienced leadership team focused on value creation



Donnie King President & Chief Executive Officer Joined Tyson in 1982



David Bray Group President, Poultry



Stewart Glendinning EVP & Chief Financial Officer



Chris Langholz Group President, International



Sandy Luckcuck President, McDonalds Business Unit



Shane Miller Group President, Fresh Meats



Jason Nichol Chief Customer Officer



Noelle O'Mara Group President, Prepared Foods



Ildefonso Silva EVP, Business Services



Johanna Söderström EVP & Chief People Officer



Scott Spradley EVP & Chief Technology & Automation Officer



Amy Tu EVP & Chief Legal Officer & Secretary, Global Governance & Corporate Affairs



John R. Tyson EVP, Strategy & Chief Sustainability Officer



Strengthening our position as a recognized global protein leader



Our Priorities

Win with customers and consumers

Win with team members

Win with excellence in execution

- 1 Transforming our team member experience, starting with health, safety, and wellness
- 2 Outpacing the market by enhancing our portfolio and capacity to serve demand growth for our customers and consumers
- 3 Aggressively restoring our competitiveness in Chicken
- Driving operational and functional excellence and purposefully investing in digital solutions and automation
- Leveraging our financial strength to invest in the business and return cash to shareholders

Making investments to become the most sought-after place to work

Objectives

1

Health, safety and wellbeing resources 2

Competitive wage and benefit offerings

3

Investing in automation and technology

Actions

Required all U.S. team members to be fully vaccinated by November 1

Process control optimization to create better workflow

Hired a Chief Diversity Officer and a Chief Medical Officer

Investing in health clinics and wellness programs

Supporting flexible scheduling and creative production schedules

Childcare, housing, and transportation pilots

Implementation of competitive wage increases

Investing in leadership and career development

Certified interpreter program in place

Making strategic investments in automation and technology for hard-to-fill and difficult jobs

Increasing technology in facilities and use of data analytics to support decision-making





Shaping the portfolio for growth through deliberate actions and investments

New Product Launches

Best-in-class brand building and customer insights capabilities drive product pipeline

Strategic Capacity Expansion

Expect investments in new capacity to drive differentiated and branded share

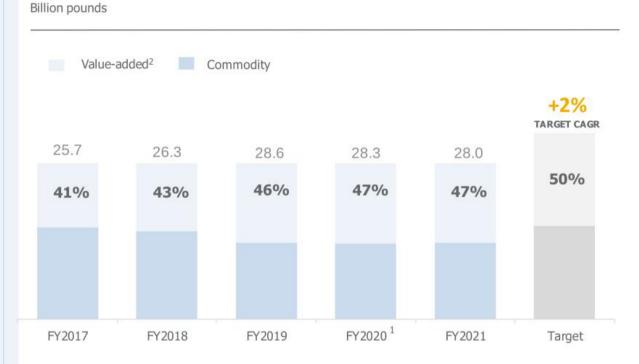
Targeted Divestitures

Recently announced pet treats divestiture reflects commitment to removing complexity

Opportunistic Acquisitions

Bolt-on to increase differentiated capabilities or branded share

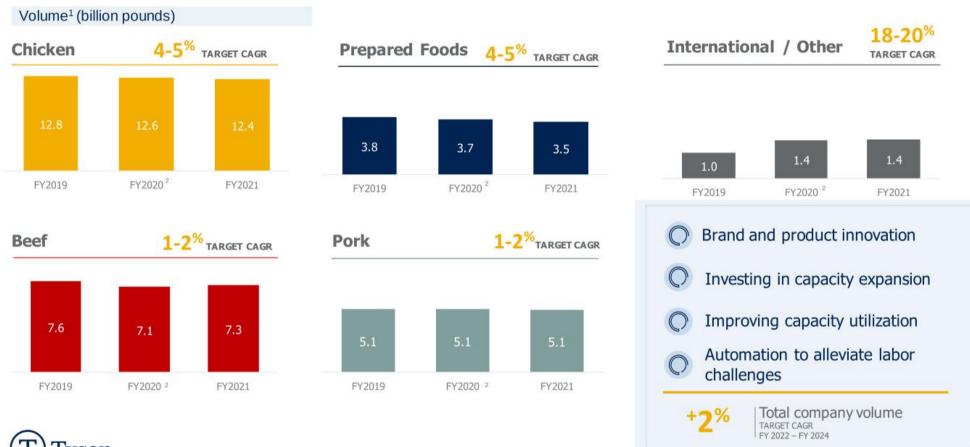
Volume



¹ Volume for fiscal year 2020 has been adjusted to remove the impact of the additional week. The estimated impact of the additional week in the twelve months of fiscal 2020 was calculated by dividing the fourth quarter's sales volume by 14 weeks.

² In chicken, value-added is defined as ready-to-eat, par fry, and Smart Chicken. In beef and pork, value-added is defined as case ready and premium products. All Prepared Foods and International/other sales are considered value-added.

Targeting volume growth ahead of the market in every segment





¹ Intersegment sales not included in volume figures and would represent an aggregate reduction to volumes relative to the sum of component parts illustrated above

² Volume for fiscal year 2020 has been adjusted to remove the impact of the additional week. The estimated impact of the additional week in the twelve months of fiscal 2020 was calculated by dividing the fourth quarter's sales volume by 14 weeks.

Diverse portfolio of brands drive value creation for the enterprise



Capacity expansions will support growth objectives

12 plants expected to open over next 2 years to increase capacity by ~1.3 billion pounds

Adding 7 fully-cooked plants in international will expand capacity by **30%**

Adding 2 plants in Beef and Pork will expand value-added capacity by **40%**

\$1.8 billion of aggregate investment to drive capacity expansion

Europe Poultry INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS

- Estimated online March 2022
- · Fully-cooked chicken
- · 90M pounds p.a. expected

Malaysia Poultry INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS

- · Estimated online FY22
- · Fully-cooked chicken

Thailand Poultry

INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS

Fully-cooked chicken

Estimated online Fall 2021

65M pounds p.a. expected

· 80M pounds p.a. expected

China Shenzhen Relocation (Plant 1 & 2)

· 75M pounds p.a. expected

China Poultry (Hubei)

INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS

· Estimated online FY23

· Fully-cooked chicken

- INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS
 Estimated online FY22
- · Fully-cooked chicken
- 68M incremental pounds p.a. expected

New Asia Plant

INTERNATIONAL BUSINESS

- · Estimated online FY22
- · Fully-cooked chicken
- 57M pounds p.a. expected

Humboldt Poultry

- · Online July 2021
- · Tray pack chicken
- · 260M pounds p.a. expected

Estimated online Fall 2021

· Case ready beef and pork

· 220M pounds p.a. expected

Danville Poultry

- · Estimated online April 2023
- · Fully-cooked chicken
- · 200M pounds p.a. expected

Eagle Mountain, Columbia, SC Case Ready UT Case Ready BEEF & PORK

- · Online as of July 2021
- · Case ready beef and pork
- 50M pounds p.a. expected

Bacon

BEEF & PORK

PREPARED FOODS

- Estimated online summer 2023
- · 121M pounds p.a. expected

Multiple New Line Additions

- · Prepared Foods
- Chicken

Productivity is a critical driver of our future success

New Program Management Office to oversee execution supported by culture of continuous improvement and entrepreneurship

\$1_{B+}

Targeted productivity gains by end of **FY2024**¹

Operational & Functional Excellence and Agility



\$300M+

Implementing activities to improve business processes

Driving continuous efficiency gains in plants and other operations

Consistently applying best-practices to reduce cost in operations and enabling function-driven support services

Digital solutions



\$250M+

Leveraging new digital solutions through artificial intelligence and vast amounts of data

Driving efficiency across the end-to-end supply chain through investments in digital solutions across logistics, warehousing, and supply chain planning

Automation



\$450M+

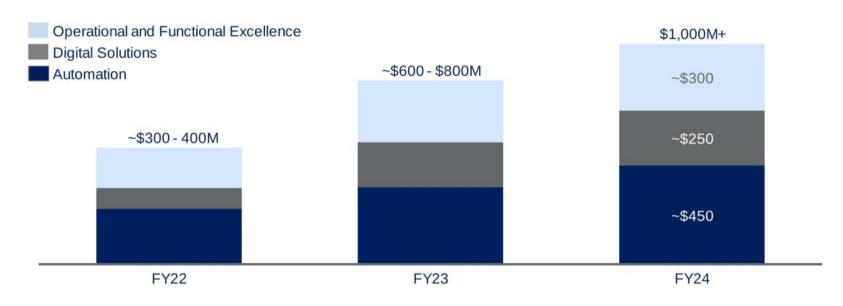
Leveraging automation and robotics

Improving worker and product safety through geo-fencing, wearable devices and machine learning

Overcoming labor shortage, as well as training and retention issues

¹ Productivity savings are relative to FY2021 cost baseline

We expect to deliver \$1B in productivity gains by the end of FY2024





We are accelerating our automation investments

Unique opportunity to combine operational scale with innovative automation and real-time analytics to drive competitive advantage



Critical element to productivity program

- · Improves safety
- Automates positions that are difficult to staff
- Provides greater consistency in product quality
- Generates real-time operations insights to drive in-the-moment decision making
- Paves path to higher skill and pay opportunities for team members

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We expect to sustainably feed the world as a recognized global protein leader







David BrayGroup President,
Poultry

U.S. poultry consumption is expected to grow over the next decade

+1%

2020 to 2030 CAGR

Modest World Growth

All regions are expected to consume more poultry on an absolute basis over the next decade

Source: OECD-FAO Agricultural Outlook 2021 - 2030

+1%

2020 to 2030 CAGR

Modest U.S. Growth

U.S. poultry consumption expected to grow at the same rate as global poultry consumption

Source: USDA, World Agricultural Outlook Board, October 2021 Forecast

+4.5_B

Increase in pounds consumed from 2020 to 2030

U.S. chicken consumption (Pounds)

Source: USDA, World Agricultural Outlook Board, October 2021 Forecast

101

pounds per person by 2030

U.S. chicken consumption (Per capita)

2020 per capita consumption was 96 pounds per person with significant growth over the past decade

Source: USDA, World Agricultural Outlook Board, October 2021 Forecast

48%

share of projected animal protein consumption by 2030

Share of U.S. protein consumption

The U.S. is projected to consume 47 billion pounds of poultry annually by 2030 Poultry is expected to grow share relative to beef and pork

Source: USDA, World Agricultural Outlook Board, October 2021 Forecast

71%

share of protein consumption growth from 2020 to 2030

Share of U.S. protein consumption growth

U.S. beef, pork, and poultry combined consumption is expected to grow by ~6.4 billion pounds over the decade

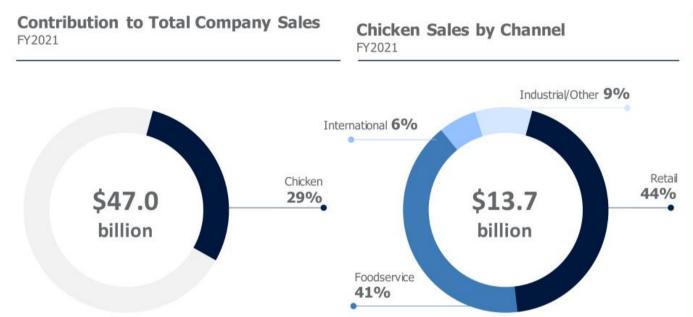
Poultry is expected to grow the most across those proteins

Source: USDA, World Agricultural Outlook Board, October 2021 Forecast





Chicken is a critical component of the Tyson portfolio and is structured to have broad channel exposure





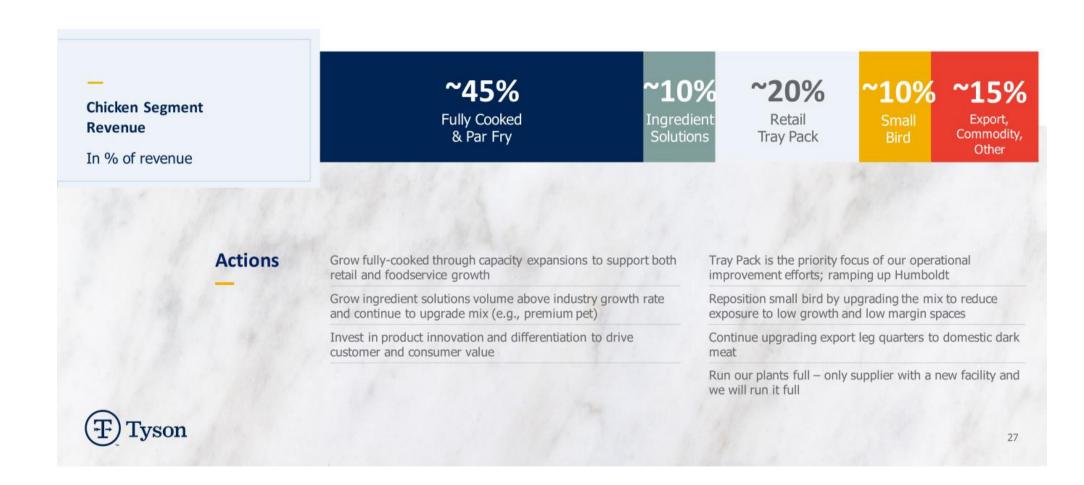


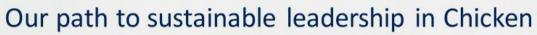
Sales have grown while earnings have declined since FY2016





We have a differentiated portfolio to serve customers and consumers



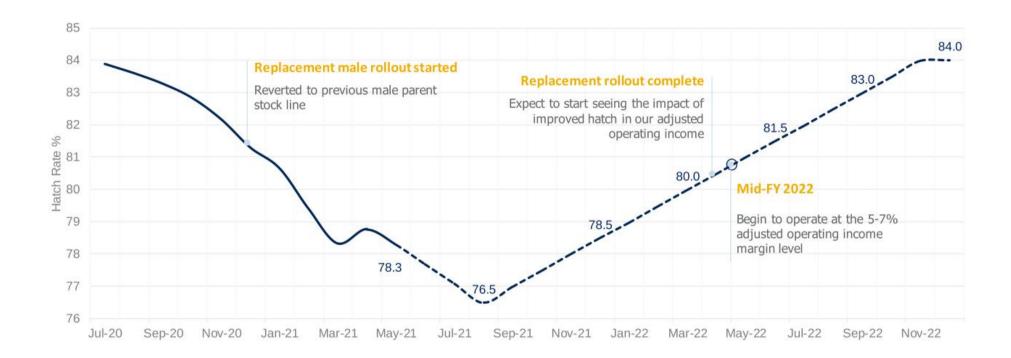


- 1 Become the most sought-after place to work
- 2 Be our customers' go-to-supplier
- 3 Grow our business
- 4 Improve operational performance





Actions taken to restore competitive hatch rates





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Increasing harvest capacity and volumes to support growth with customers

FY2021

~80%

37 million head/week

FY2022

~85%

40 million head/week expected

Target

~98%+

47 million head/week

Approximate Volume (pounds)

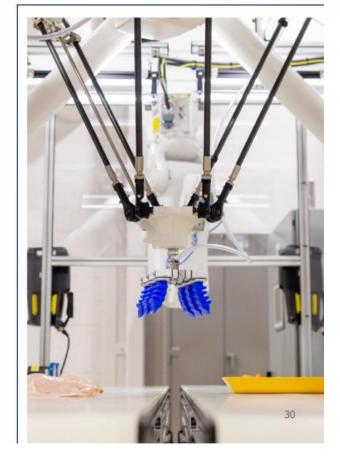
~12.5B

~13.0B

Improvement equivalent to ~2 new harvest complexes

~15.0B

Improvement equivalent to ~6 new harvest complexes





We have an aggressive plan to deploy automation

Roadmap to deploy largely proprietary debone automation technology to alleviate labor challenges



Automation will provide several benefits

- Automation of 88 front half deboning lines and 13 dark meat lines is part of a longterm solution to labor challenges
- Will provide greater consistency in product quality
- Real-time operations insights to drive more timely decision-making
- Addressing labor challenges by reducing ~2,000 roles over the next 2 years

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Optimizing our mix and expanding capacity through capital investment

Objectives

Restore harvest utilization rates across existing processing network Maximize and expand our assets to grow our valueadded production capabilities

Actions

Full conversion of breeding stock to correct hatch issue

Driving improvements in plant operations to unlock capacity

Prioritizing labor to run value-added products

Successful ramp-up of Humboldt, TN plant





We have a market-leading portfolio across channels and value tiers

	Retail ¹				Foodservice ²		
SHARE POSITION IN SEGMENT	#1	#1	#1	#1	#1	#2	N/A
Tier	Organic	Premium	Value Portfolio	Stuffed Entrees	Value, Mid-Tier, Premium	Value, Mid-Tier, Premium	Super Premium
	SMART	Tyson	Menver		Tyson	TYSON RED LABEL	ΓYSON (1) TRUE
			Fast Fixin	\$000°	A Jeon	LABEL	



We go to market with the #1 chicken brand with the highest awareness, share of voice, and most trusted equity across channels

+7.3%

97%

42%

\$ Sales Growth versus Year Ago¹

Awareness²

Penetration3

1

Leading awareness in the category and in **more homes** and **foodservice kitchens** than any other brand



Equity is **trusted** and stands for **quality** & taste²

3

60% Share of Voice Supported by the **highest share of voice in category** and a **highly effective** advertising campaign⁴



Resulting in **stronger loyalty** than any other brand³



IF THERE'S

IT'S CHICKEN,

Chicken & Chicken

Our category growth has accelerated across both Retail and Foodservice channels





Our share of the frozen chicken category has grown

RETAIL

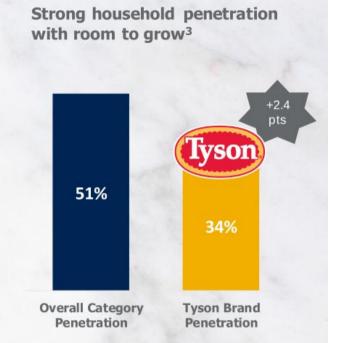
+1.0

growth in volume share points over the latest 52 weeks

FOOD SERVICE

+0.5

growth in volume share points over the latest 52 weeks²





¹ Nielsen Total US xAOC, FY17-19 CAGR, and latest 2-Yr CAGR ending 10/2/21, Pound Sales

² NPD SupplyTrackL12 mo ending August'21, Poultry Value Added Category, excluding large chains > 250 units and operator label

³ Nielsen National Consumer Panel 52 weeks ending 9/11/2021, Penetration growth vs. 2 YAG

We are accelerating consumer and operator-driven innovation with an omnichannel approach

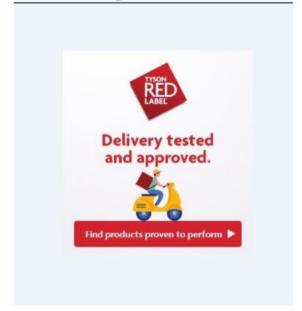
Fueling **QSR growth** through the "chicken sandwich wars"



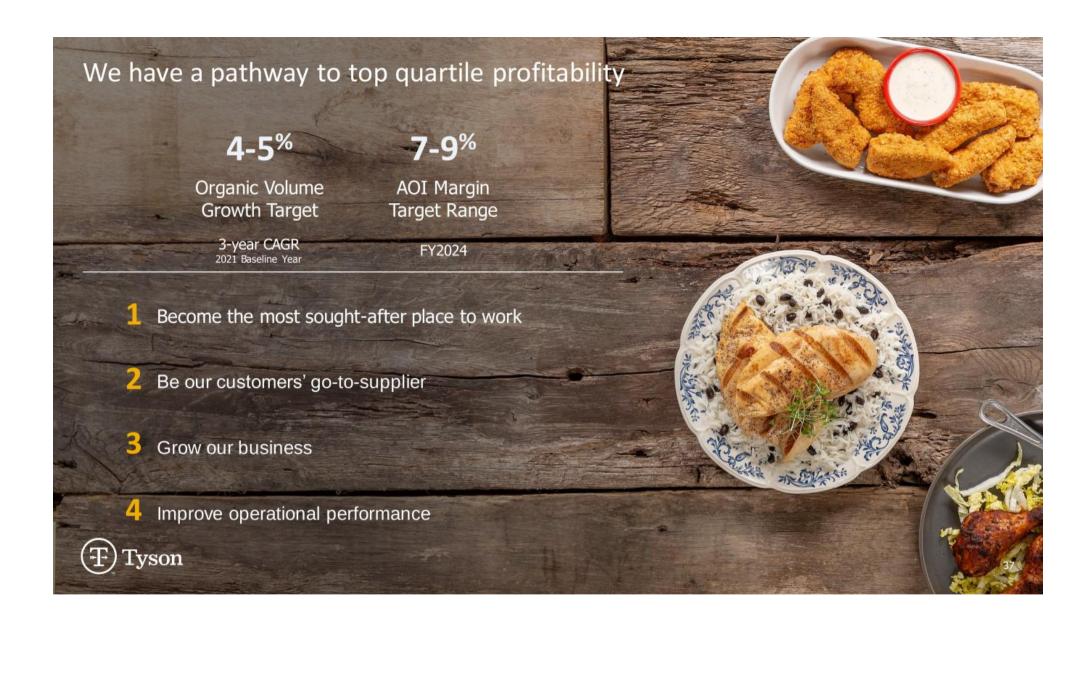
Building on successful platforms with an **omni-channel approach**



Helping to solve **operator challenges** around labor









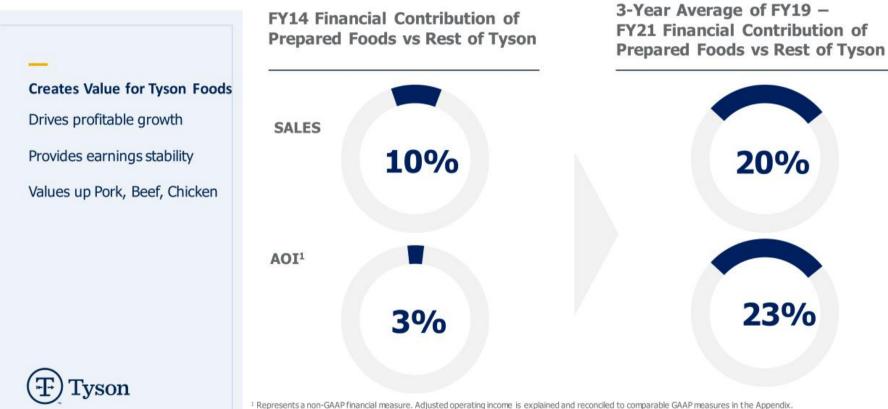




Noelle O'Mara

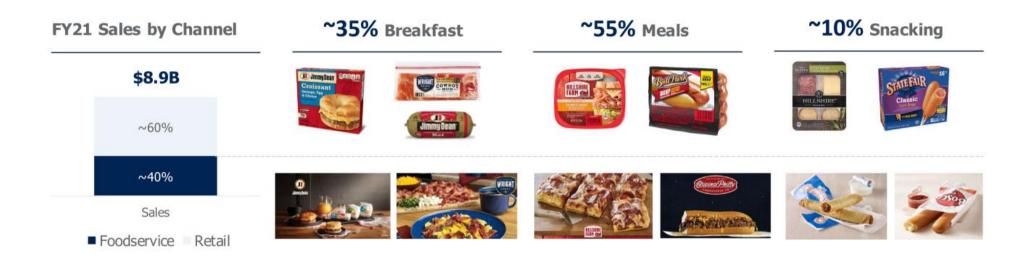
Group President, Prepared Foods

Prepared Foods is a critical contributor to Tyson Foods



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We have a powerful portfolio that is relevant across channels and dayparts



Established Opportunity to Win

Leading equities that extend across channels

Strategic customer relationships including category captaincies

Omnichannel manufacturing capabilities



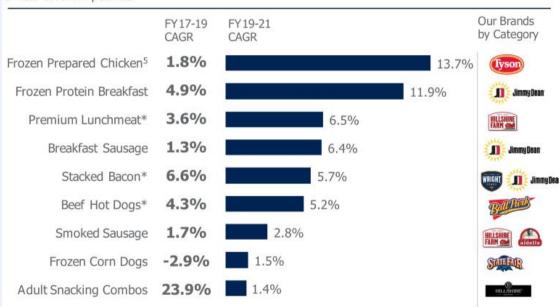
Our Retail categories are well-positioned against consumer needs and have demonstrated strong growth momentum

Protein leads in growth and momentum





2-Year CAGR in pounds





Sources: 1 Nielsen Total US xAOC, 52 wks ending 10/2/21 Excellent Source of Protein: >=10G per serving 2 The Hartman Group, Health & Wellness, 2021, 3 Mintel, December 2020 4 Nielsen Total US xAOC, FY17-19 CAGR, and latest 2-Yr CAGR ending 10/2/21, Pound Sales; Segments where Tyson Foods competes shown.

We are the market leader, gaining share and driving growth across Retail categories

13

consecutive quarters of retail share growth¹

+0.9

growth in **share points** across our core categories¹

1.3x

higher average **unaided awareness** for our leading brands vs. competitors²



#1 in Frozen Prepared Chicken³



#1 in Frozen Protein Breakfast



#2 in Lunchmeat



#1 in Breakfast Sausage



#1 in Hot Dogs



#1
in Smoked Sausage



#1
in Stacked Bacon



#1
in Corn Dogs



#1
in Super Premium
Smoked Sausage



#2 in Adult Snacking Combos



We have two of the highest growing brands in all of Food









Both Top 10 Growth Brands



in absolute dollar growth out of 41K+ Nielsen tracked food brands¹

Comprehensive, leading Foodservice portfolio that addresses customer needs

Market Share



Market Share



Market Share















Breaded Beef Cooked Burgers Dinner Sausage Pepperoni

Philly Meat Pre-made Sandwiches Stuffed Breadsticks

Hot Dogs Mexican Handhelds

Corn Dogs

Pizza Toppings Tortillas

Bacon Breakfast Sausage Dry Sausage

Ham Meatballs



Despite strong market performance, key headwinds exist

What's going well

Retail performance

13 consecutive quarters of share growth

Foodservice turnaround

Orders returning to pre-COVID levels

Omnichannel expansion

eCommerce growth outpacing total F&B

Agile response to Covid

shifted capacity; new ways of working

Headwinds

Unprecedented inflation

Commodities, packaging, freight, labor, etc.

Service levels

Demand outpacing industry supply capabilities

Labor attraction & retention

Highly competitive labor market

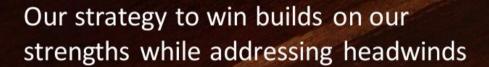




Prepared Foods has delivered sales growth while headwinds have impacted margin performance







Drive Profitable Growth in Our Core

Extend our core Retail brands' market leadership

Lead Foodservice recovery

Be Strategic Partner of Choice for our customers

Expand into New Spaces

Innovate in attractive white spaces (e.g., snacking)

Expand Alternative Protein portfolio and capabilities

Strengthen our omnichannel and global presence

Create Fuel & Flexibility

Expand margins through cost and revenue management

Invest in capacity and flexibility to service demand

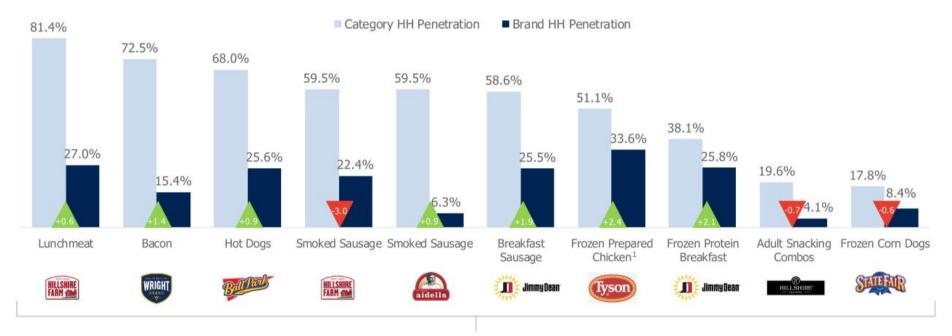
Implement transformational approaches to labor





Extend our core retail brand market leadership

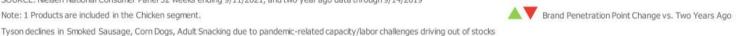
Even as share leader, strong household penetration of our categories afford tremendous room to grow



Innovation | Equity investment | Capacity expansion



SOURCE: Nielsen National Consumer Panel 52 weeks ending 9/11/2021, and two year ago data through 9/14/2019 Note: 1 Products are included in the Chicken segment.

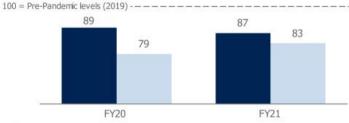


Lead foodservice recovery

Prepared Foodservice Focus 5 has outperformed the industry throughout the pandemic...

Tyson Prepared FS Focus 5 vs Industry FS Market – Index vs. Pre-Covid





...and we will continue to lead through recovery given our channel mix, portfolio strength and advantaged network

- Over-indexed in channels that will rebound quicker from the pandemic (QSR & C-Store ~60% of Prepared FS sales¹)
- Portfolio aligned with post-pandemic demand trends (pre-packaged, fully cooked)
- Manufacturing flexibility across channels

Focus on Breakfast, Sandwich/Handheld & Pizza | Simplify portfolio Expand Operator reach through sales force & digital capabilities

















Innovate in attractive white spaces

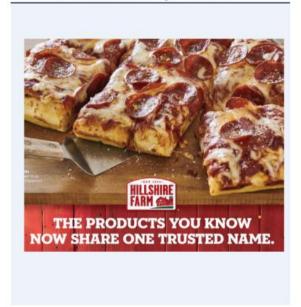
Expanding core brands into adjacencies



Launching new brands to win in attractive white spaces



Elevating our Foodservice portfolio





50

Expand alternative protein portfolio and capabilities

Expanding Raised & Rooted

Retail & Foodservice

Expanding Across Power Brands

Expanding Across Geographies APAC Launch



















Tyson Foods continuing to invest in Alternative Protein Capabilities

Procurement

Established, scaled sourcing relationships with several plant protein suppliers

R&D

Dedicated R&D and network ability to scale capacity up and down

Manufacturing

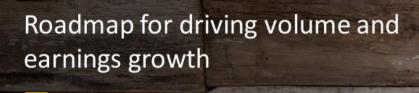
Dedicated facilities to develop alternative protein substrate

Supply Chain

Global infrastructure with temperaturecontrolled distribution network







4-5%

10-12%

Organic Volume Growth Target AOI Margin Target Range

3-Year CAGR 2021 Baseline Year

FY2024

Investments

- Capital expenditure to drive capacity in support of category growth objectives and to support manufacturing flexibility and automation
- Increased commercial spend to drive volume and share gains
- Shape our portfolio through M&A









Shane Miller Group President.

Group President, Fresh Meats

Global beef consumption is expected to remain strong over the next decade

+1%

2020 to 2030 CAGR World beef consumption is expected to grow

Source: OECD-FAO Agricultural Forecast 2021 - 2030

28_B

Pounds of beef consumed in the U.S. in 2020

U.S. beef consumption remained strong throughout the pandemic

Consumption increased relative to 2019 due to higher disposable income

Source: USDA, World Agricultural Outlook Board, October 2021 Forecast

+9.5_B

2020 to 2030 increase in pounds consumed

World beef consumption (Pounds)

Source: OECD-FAO Agricultural Forecast 2021 – 2030

+0.4_B

2020 to 2030 increase in pounds consumed

U.S. beef consumption (Pounds)

Source: USDA, World Agricultural Outlook Board, October 2021 Forecast

>90%

2020 to 2030 share of growth outside of the United States Share of beef consumption growth outside of the United States

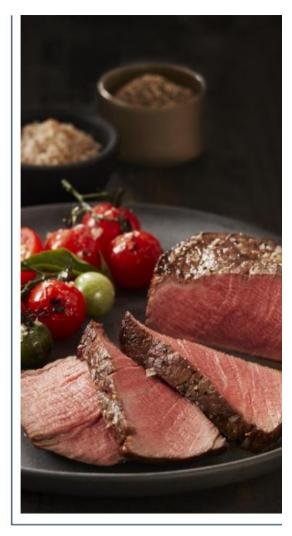
Source: OECD-FAO Agricultural Forecast 2021 - 2030

58

pounds per person in 2020 U.S. beef consumption (Per capita)

Source: USDA, World Agricultural Outlook Board, October 2021 Forecast





Beef is the largest segment in the Tyson portfolio and benefits from a diverse channel sales mix







Beef has delivered exceptional operating margin performance over the past 5 years





1 Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. Adjusted sales, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin are explained and reconciled to comparable GAAP measures in the

Global pork consumption is expected to grow at a faster rate than other proteins over the next decade

+2%

2020 to 2030 CAGR

Strong relative growth

Approximately 95% of the growth expected to occur outside the U.S.

Source: OECD-FAO Agricultural Forecast 2021 - 2030

+1%

2020 to 2030 CAGR

Modest U.S. growth

U.S. pork consumption expected to grow at a slower rate than global pork consumption

Source: USDA, World Agricultural Outlook Board, October 2021 Forecast

+1.4_B

2020 to 2030 Increase in pounds consumed U.S. pork consumption (Pounds)

Source: USDA, World Agricultural Outlook Board, October 2021 Forecast

52

pounds per person by 2030

U.S. pork consumption (Per capita)

2020 per capita consumption was 51 pounds per person

Source: USDA, World Agricultural Outlook Board, October 2021 Forecast

24%

share of projected animal protein consumption in 2030 Share of U.S. protein consumption

The U.S. is projected to consume 24 billion pounds of pork annually by 2030

Source: USDA, World Agricultural Outlook Board, October 2021 Forecast

+41_B

2020 to 2030 increase in pounds consumed

World pork consumption

Consumption of pork expected to grow over the decade

Source: OECD-FAO Agricultural Forecast 2021 - 2030

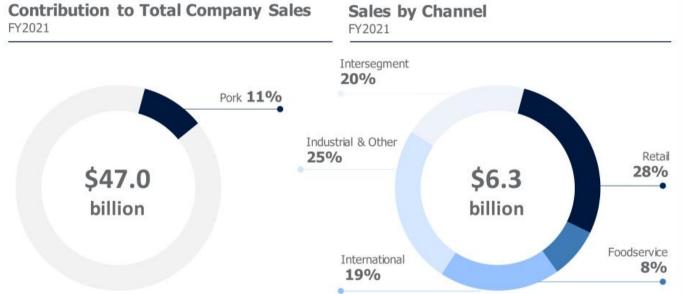




Pork is a meaningful contributor to company sales and provides critical supply

to Prepared Foods

Tyson



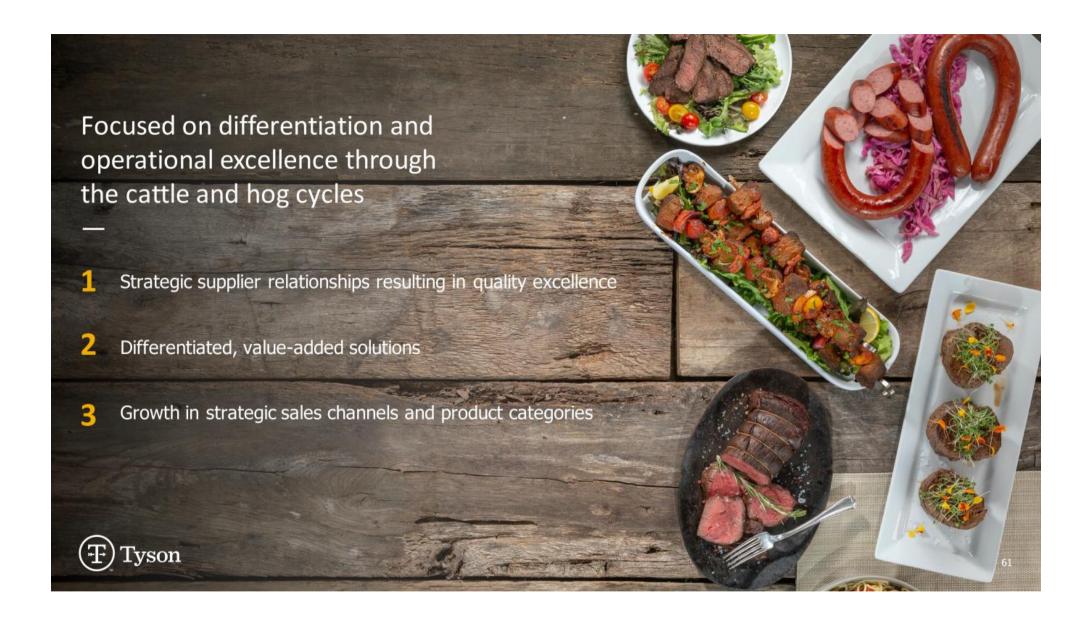


Consistent demand strength has driven Pork segment sales while labor challenges have impacted operating margin





1 Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. Adjusted sales, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin are explained and reconciled to comparable GAAP measures in the Appendix.



Strategic supplier relationships enable operational excellence and sustainable scale

Objectives

Procurement strategies to maintain reliable access to high-quality livestock supply

Leaders in sustainability through differentiated supply chain and product solutions

Actions

Maintain and grow existing supply relationships

Grow Progressive Beef and Beef Care supply

Aligning supplier incentives to support premium programs

Enhanced vertical and/or virtual integration strategies in hog procurement

 $\mathsf{Farm}\mathsf{Check}^{\scriptscriptstyle\mathsf{TM}}$ on-farm audits, advisory support, and research





We are the beef and pork experts



Objective

Provide customers and consumers with differentiated, value-added solutions

Actions

Expand and optimize the case ready network

Grow market share with premium, attribute-based offerings

Enhance innovation capabilities to support development of customer-centric solutions

Internal sourcing of pork products to Prepared Foods segment













We provide differentiated, value-added solutions to customers and consumers across Beef and Pork

Our margins have benefitted from moving product volume up the value pyramid to maximize total value per head



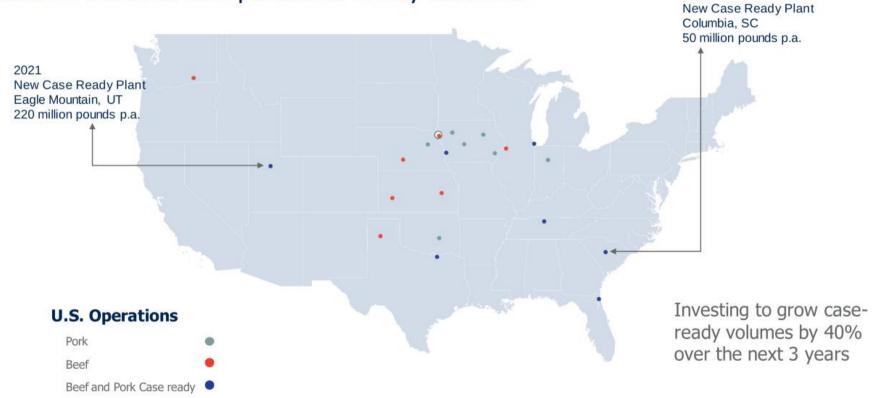


We have grown our volume of value-added product by >140M pounds since 2016





We are making investments to further expand and optimize the beef and pork case-ready network





Driving growth in strategic channels and product categories

Objectives

Grow export business across markets, channels, and segments

Drive additional value for specialty products through new capabilities and partnerships

Improve foodservice channel penetration

Actions

Diversification of exports to China, Mexico, Japan, and Canada

JST Global joint venture — Dakota City, NE greenfield facility enabling incremental value

Partnering with customers to meet accelerating e-commerce demand

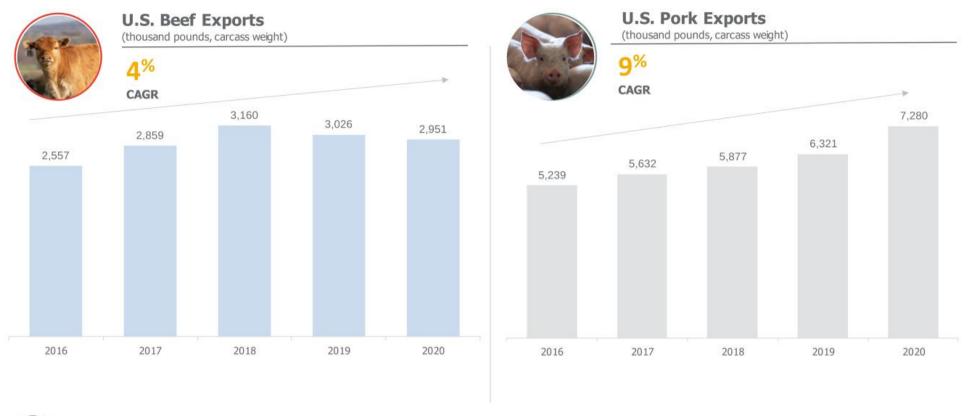
Drive foodservice channel penetration with national accounts and $\ensuremath{\mathsf{QSRs}}$





Growing exports across markets, channels, and segments

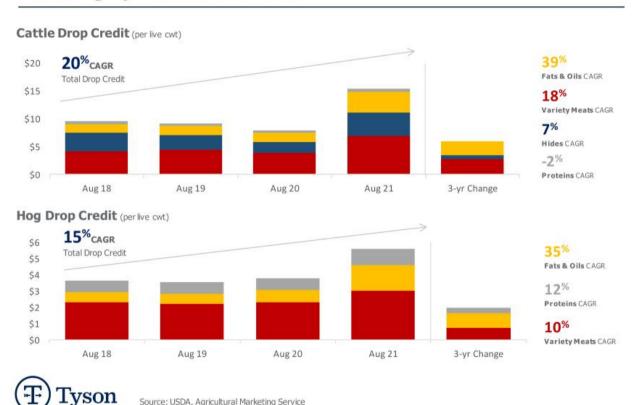
U.S. beef and pork exports are expected to remain strong which will support margins





Specialty products will continue to be a significant revenue driver

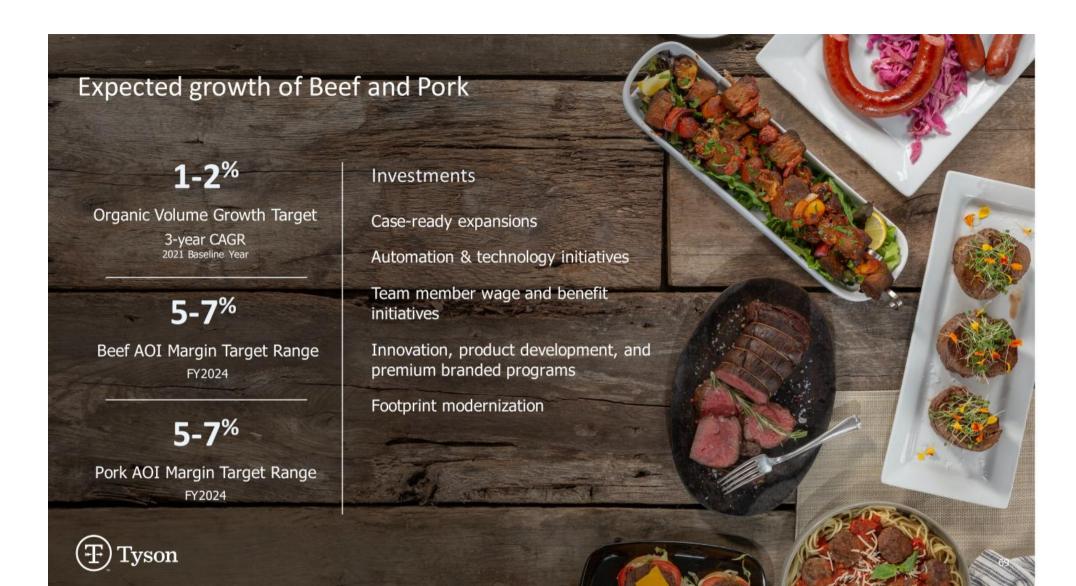
Processing By-Products and Value



JST Global Joint Venture

- Vertically integrated venture launched in 2020 and positioned to meet evolving global demands for fats and oils
- Responsibly processing fats and oils is a key part of our business and our commitment to sustainability
- Enables marketing of animal fats produced by Tyson Beef and Pork segments through JST Global teams
- Partnering on innovation and customized solutions in highly specialized markets such as renewable energy

68



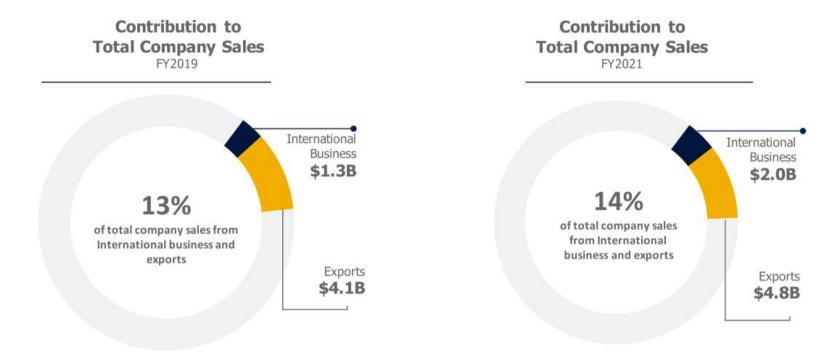




Chris Langholz Group President, International

We have meaningful sales outside of the United States today

Serving global customers and consumers through local production and exports¹

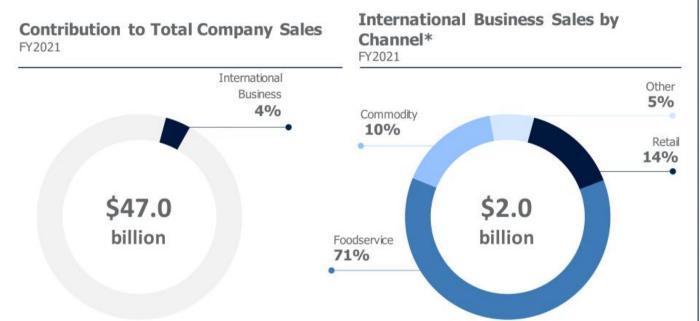




^{*}See the appendix for supplemental schedules reconciling International business results to International/Other results as reported. ¹ Exports includes sales to International customers included in our four reportable segments

Our International Business has historically focused on serving global

foodservice customers



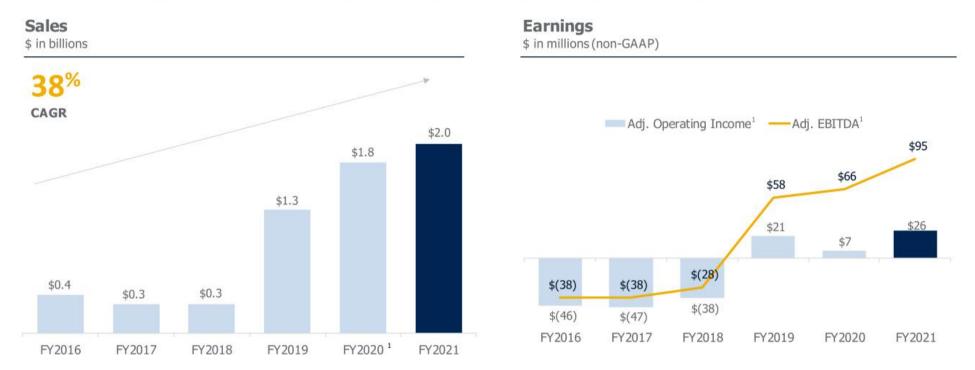




*See the appendix for supplemental schedules reconciling International business results to International/Other results as reported.

Significant opportunity exists to grow our International Business and diversify our sales mix in key countries

Sales and earnings momentum have built over the past three years despite disruptions due to the pandemic

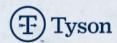




Profitably serving global demand growth in the International Business

- 1 Focused strategy with clear where-to-play choices
- Capability building to create competitive advantage
- 3 Capacity expansion focused on value-added poultry





Focused strategy with clear where-to-play choices

Objectives

Investing in scale in select countries with high growth rates

Grow locally relevant valueadded categories with a focus on poultry first Prioritizing retail growth through targeted brand deployment

Actions

Focused on Asia where we see a path to being a leading protein player

Pursuing locally relevant raw and cooked poultry opportunities first followed by Processed Meats

Growing with the top local players in each market

Aggressively entering targeted markets with differentiated brands, particularly the Tyson brand

Prioritizing modern retail in every market as the next growth engine

Continuing to partner with U.S. based global partners





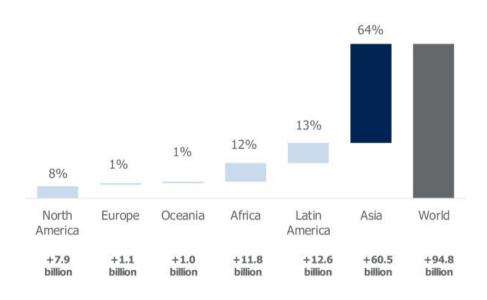
Building footprint to serve global protein demand growth

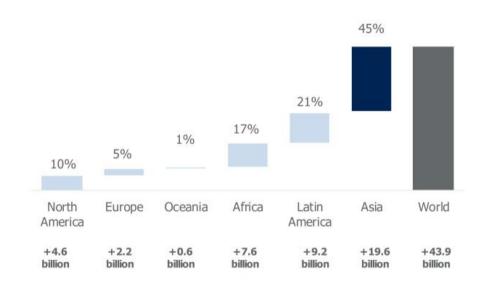
Enabling local capabilities and global supply chain to serve demand with a focus on Asia and poultry

Expected Share of Total Animal Protein Consumption Growth

(2020 - 2030)

Expected Share of Total Poultry Consumption Growth (2020 – 2030)







Growing retail exposure through targeted brand deployment

Driving retail penetration and value-added mix improvement over the mid-term horizon

Globalizing our portfolio of "loved" brands

Tyson is the most recognized chicken brand in China

We are launching Tyson branded offerings across Asia

We are also revamping First Pride, one of our plant-based brands, and extending the launch across the region

Evaluating opportunities to globalize other iconic and established brands like Jimmy Dean











Capability building to create competitive advantage

Objectives

In-Market Capabilities

Consumer insights to innovation

Consumer go-to-market capabilities

Fresh poultry supply chain, especially for retail



OneTyson supply network

End-to-end M&A process

Centralized Capabilities

Actions

Conducted multiple focus groups to understand consumer preferences and trial barriers

Supplemented with category insights, trends and analytics

Developed channel strategies to win across channels

Appointment of distributor partners to help us build competitive advantage in "final mile"

Top-to-Top engagement to establish strategic partnerships

Close partnership with retailers to co-develop "solutions" instead of just "offering products" Building end-to-end live and cold chain management

Robust demand planning processes to ensure supply chain agility and efficiency

Collaborate across Chicken, Beef, Pork, and Prepared Foods on innovation and reliable supply

Building data, analytics, automation, and digitization into all operations Active management of M&A pipeline

Targets aligned with strategic objectives in priority geographies and channels

Rigorous process for postdeal tracking of financial performance



Making investments to further expand our value-added capacity

Investing to grow fully-cooked volume by 30%+ over the next 3 years



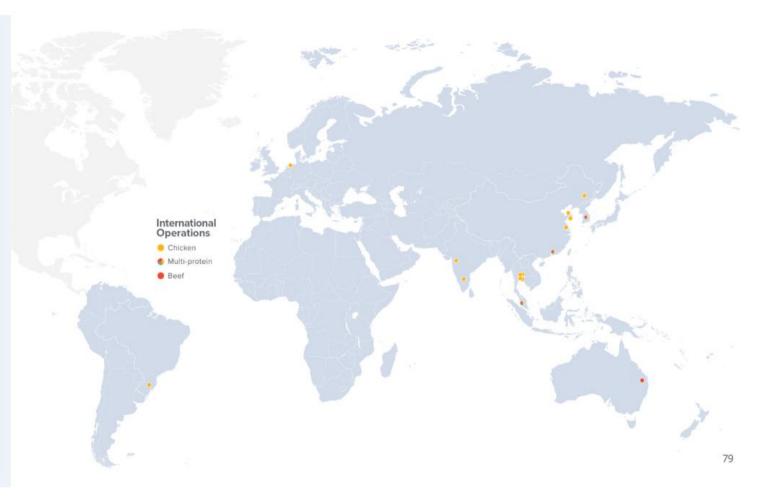
Fully-cooked capacity expansion projects over the next 3 years

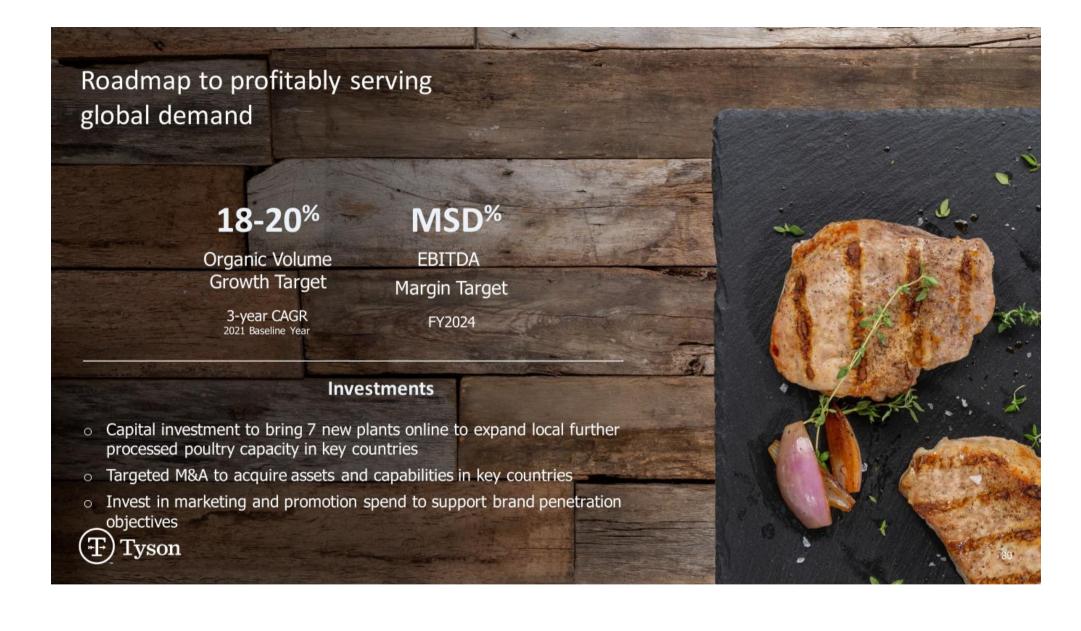
Asia

6 fully-cooked plants

Europe

1 fully-cooked plant









John R. Tyson EVP, Strategy & Chief Sustainability Officer

Strengthening our sustainability actions



Sustainability governance

Tyson Foods Board of Directors

Governance & Nominating Committee

Audit Committee Compensation & Leadership Development Committee Strategy & Acquisitions Committee

Guided by our charter:

Advises the Board on matters relating to corporate responsibility and sustainability, including environmental, social and governance matters affecting the Company

Sets goals for Tyson's key ESG programs

Oversees and reviews, at least annually, the Company's integration of ESG principles into its business strategy and decision making Ensures ESG strategy is embedded in segment and enterprise strategy and decision making

Officer-level compensation outcomes tied to certain ESG scorecard metrics





Donnie King President & CEO



John R. Tyson EVP, Strategy & Chief Sustainability Officer



Stewart Glendinning EVP & CFO



Amy Tu EVP & Chief Legal Officer & Secretary, Global Governance & Corporate Affairs



Building an equitable and resilient food system

Business priorities aligned with sustainability strategy

Empowering People

Transparent people-first business that values inclusion and equal opportunity, investing in communities, fighting hunger, and empowering our team

Conserving Natural Resources

Conserving water, reducing GHG emissions, eliminating manufacturing and food waste, and designing and using packaging that is reusable, recyclable, or compostable

Innovating Smart, Responsible Agriculture

Cultivating a food system that prioritizes agriculture in our global supply chain through land stewardship, animal welfare, education, transparency, and traceability



Empowering people, customers, and communities

Objectives

Team member health, safety and wellbeing Equity, inclusion and diversity

Workforce engagement

Community outreach

Hunger relief and food access

Actions

Reduced OSHA recordables by 17% year-over-year

Increased team member retention rate by 1%

Appointed a Chief Medical Officer and Chief Diversity Officer

Donated 30+ million pounds of food, totaling 124 million meals

Mandated vaccination for all U.S. team members

Recognized on Religious Equity, Diversity & Inclusion Index

Signed the NWA Leadership Pledge for diversity and inclusion





Conserving natural resources and protecting our planet

Working towards goal of achieving net zero CO2 emissions by 2050

Our Priorities

Water conservation

Greenhouse gas reduction

Waste reduction

Sustainable packaging

Actions & Initiatives

30% GHG reduction target by 2030 approved by the Science Based Targets initiative

Achieved a 7.7% reduction in water use, against a 2015 baseline year

First U.S. food company to verify sustainable cattle production practices at scale

Announced Global Forest Protection Standard following deforestation risk assessment





Innovating for smart, responsible agriculture

Our Priorities

Animal welfare innovation

Land stewardship Forest protection

Supply chain resiliency

Agriculture education and development

Actions & Initiatives

Completed construction of Tyson Foods Center for Sustainable Broiler Research

Announced Global Forest Protection Standard following deforestation risk assessment





Collaborating with a broad range of stakeholders to sustainably feed the world



























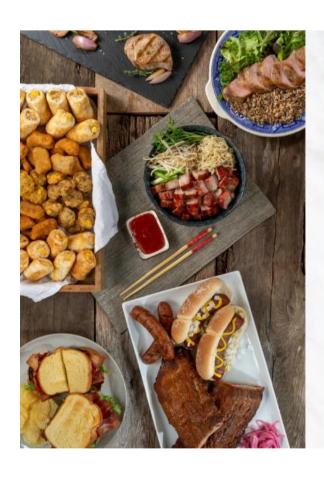






Stewart Glendinning EVP & Chief Financial Officer

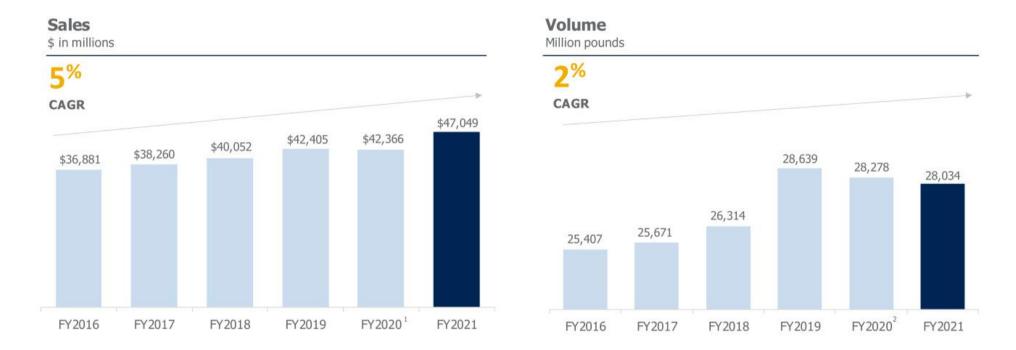
We are committed to delivering shareholder value



- 1 Tyson has a track record of driving sales and volume growth
- Compelling path forward to deliver future earnings growth
- 3 A strong balance sheet that provides optionality
- 4 Mid-term financial targets reflect our confidence in our earnings growth expectations
- 5 Capital will be deployed wisely in support of strategic objectives

Total company sales and volume have grown over time

Pandemic-related labor challenges impacted recent volume performance

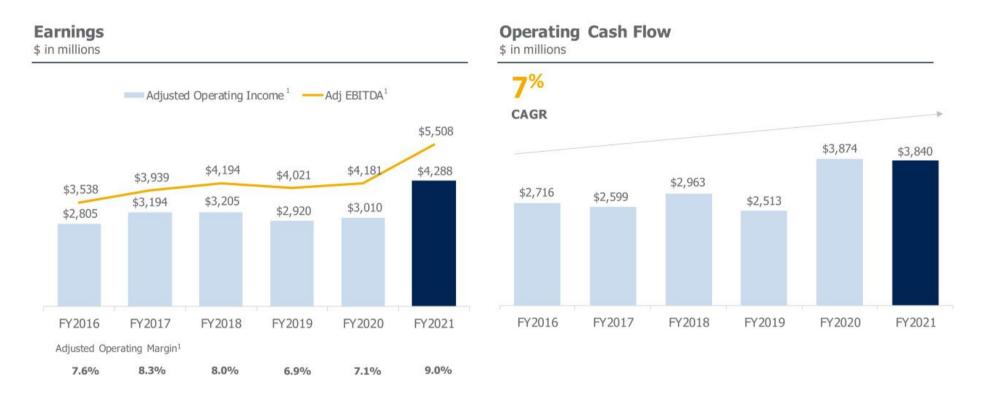




¹ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. Adjusted sales for fiscal year 2020 is explained and reconciled to comparable GAAP measures in the Appendix.

² Volume for fiscal year 2020 has been adjusted to remove the impact of the additional week. The estimated impact of the additional week in the twelve months of fiscal 2020 was calculated by dividing the fourth quarter's sales volume by 14 weeks.

Earnings and operating cash flows have also remained strong





¹ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. Adjusted EBITDA, adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin are explained and reconciled to comparable GAAP measures in the Appendix.

Strong earnings per share profile positions us for future growth





Tyson has the right ingredients for future earnings growth

Key priorities to unlock long-term shareholder value

1	2	3
Grow volume above the market	Improve Operating Margins	Drive enhanced returns
Continue strong brand growth and innovation	Efficiency programs driving down cost	Leverage brand and product portfolio for combined consistency of returns
Provide superior service to customers	Increase plant utilization	Capitalize on our scale and capabilities
Build capacity to meet market demands, increase utilization	Price for inflation	Use our strong balance sheet and cash generation to enhance growth
Expand in growing global markets	Target double digit capex returns	



Each segment has a compelling financial path forward

Prepared Foods

19%

of Sales FY 2021

AOI Margin Target FY2024 Range

10-12%

Profitable growth

Strengthen our core | Expand into new spaces | Create fuel and flexibility

4 – 5% 3-year Volume CAGR Target

Tyson

Beef



37%

of Sales FY 2021

5-7%

AOI Margin Target FY2024 Range

Outperform through the cycle

Procurement excellence | Expanded case ready network | Export growth

L - 2% 3-year Volume CAGR Target

Chicken



29%

of Sales FY 2021

7-9%

AOI Margin Target FY2024 Range

Restore competitiveness

Go-to-supplier | Improved operational performance | Automation | Value-added volume

4 - 5% 3-year Volume CAGR Target

Pork



5-7%

11%

of Sales FY 2021

AOI Margin Target FY2024 Range

Improve margins as headwinds continue

Procurement excellence | Specialty products growth | Expanded case ready network| Export growth

1 - 2% 3-year Volume CAGR Target

International/ Other



4%

of Sales FY 2021

MSD%

EBITDA Margin FY2024 Range

Profitable growth

Clear where-to-play choices | Go-to-market capability building| Global supply chain | Value-added capacity expansion

18 – 20% 3-year Volume CAGR Target

Our mid-term financial targets

Committed to outperforming the market, improving earnings, and driving stable return on invested capital

		FY 2019	FY 2021	Target
1	Grow volumes faster than annual protein consumption growth every year	28.6 billion pounds	28.0 billion pounds	+2% CAGR 2019 Baseline Year
2	Improve total company adjusted earnings per share ¹	\$5.34	\$8.28	+HSD% CAGR 2019 Baseline Year
3	Sustain operating cash flows	\$2.5B	\$3.8B	~\$4.0B
4	Deliver targeted adjusted return on invested capital (Adjusted ROIC) ¹	10.2%	13.0%	~12%
	¹ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. Adjusted earnings per share and adjust	ed return on invested capital are explained and reconcile	ed to comparable GAAP measures in the Appendix.	96

Our capital allocation priorities are clear

We are focused on driving returns while maintaining financial strength

Objectives

Build financial strength

Invest in the business

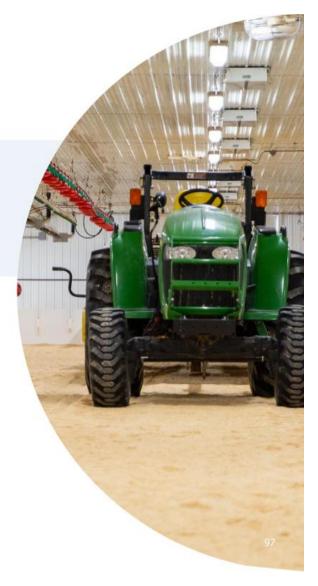
Return cash to shareholders

Actions

Maintain a robust balance sheet by reducing debt, managing working capital and by optimizing the business portfolio Invest in new business initiatives, support capital expenditures to maintain and grow the business, pursue attractive M&A

Manage dilution, dividend cash to shareholders and buyback stock





Deleveraging actions have significantly improved our debt ratio

Healthy balance sheet provides optionality for investing in growth and returning cash to shareholders





¹ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. Adjusted EBITDA and Net Debt are explained and reconciled to comparable GAAP measures in the Appendix.

Prioritizing capital investments for growth and productivity initiatives

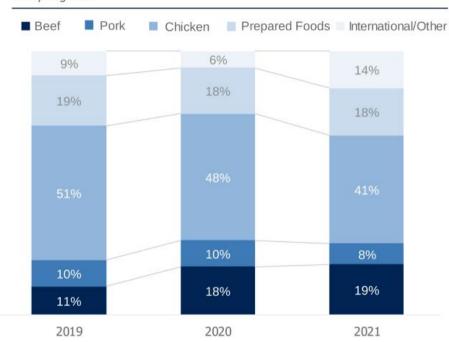


\$ Millions



Capital Expenditures

% by Segment





Increasing transparency and focus on improving the return on our investments

Adj. Return on Invested Capital¹

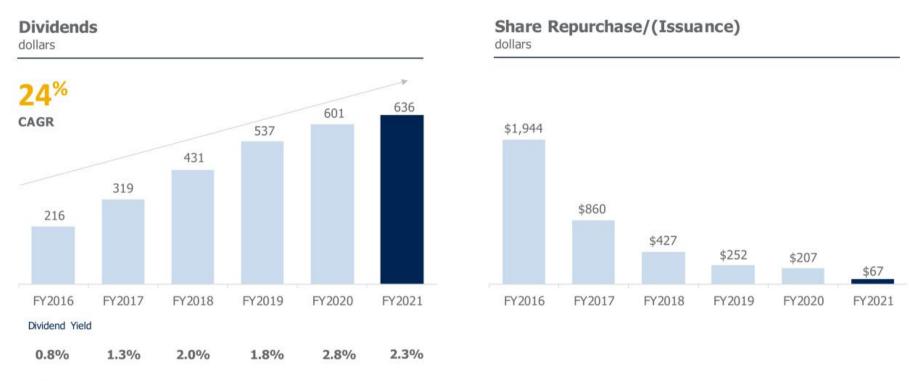
Percent





¹ Represents a non-GAAP financial measure. Adjusted return on invested capital is explained and reconciled to comparable GAAP measures in the Appendix.

Solid balance sheet and free cash flow generation have supported dividend growth while share repurchase has been opportunistic





Cash usage parameters

Healthy Balance Sheet

Maintain leverage ratio of 2x or better

Proceeds from divestitures to support debt repayment

Fund Organic Growth

~\$4-6 billion in capital expenditures planned over the next 3 years

Fund projects at or above target ROIC

Portfolio Improvement

Strengthen portfolio through selective M&A opportunities while maintaining price discipline

Focus portfolio through continued divestment

Dividend

Solid balance sheet and free cash flow generation support dividend growth **Share Repurchase**

Share buybacks will be made to offset dilution along with opportunistic purchases

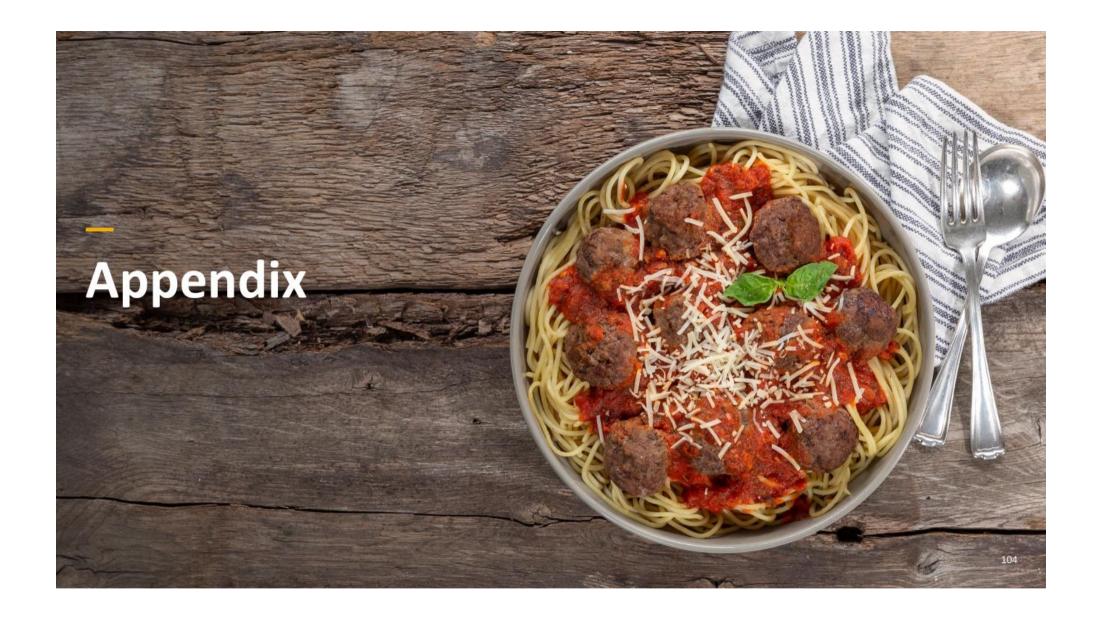












Operating Income (Loss) & Operating Margin Reconciliations

Fiscal Year Ended October 2, 2021 (\$ in millions) (unaudited)

	VI	Beef	Pork	Chicken	Prepared Foods	International/Other	Intersegment Sales	Total
Reported Sales	\$	17,999 \$	6,277	\$ 13,733	\$ 8,853	\$ 1,990	\$ (1,803)	47,049
Reported operating income (loss)	s	3,240 \$	328	\$ (625)	\$ 1,456	\$ (3)	\$ n/a s	4,396
Add: Legal contingency accruals (a)		-		626	-		n/a	626
Add: Production facilities fire costs, net of insurance proceeds (b)		97)) = ()	23			n/a	23
Add: China plant relocation charge (c)						27	n/a	27
Less: Gain on sale of business	79				(784)		n/a	(784)
Adjusted operating income	_ \$	3,240 \$	328	\$ 24	\$ 672	\$ 24	\$ n/a s	4,288
Reported operating margin %		18.0%	5.2%	(4.6)%	16.4%	n/a	n/a	9.3%
Adjusted operating margin % (d)		18.0%	5.2%	0.2%	7.6%	n/a	n/a	9.0%

- (a) Legal Contingency accruals included \$545 million recognized as a reduction of Sales and \$81 million recognized as an increase of Cost of Sales.
- (b) Relates to fires at production facilities in Chicken in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2021. Amount includes direct incremental costs, net of insurance proceeds, of \$23 million net expense recognized in Cost of Sales.
- (c) Relates to a plant relocation from a government land expropriation and includes accelerated depreciation and team member related charges recognized as an increase of Cost of Sales.
- (d) Adjusted Operating Margin for the Chicken Segment and Total Company excludes \$545 million for the twelve months ended October 2, 2021 of legal contingency accruals recognized as a reduction to Sales.

Adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin are presented as supplementary measures of our operating performance that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, GAAP. We use adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin as internal performance measurements and as a criteria for evaluating our performance relative to that of our performance and adjusted operating margin are meaningful to our investors to enhance their understanding of our operating performance and are frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties to compare our performance of other companies that report adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin are useful measures because they improve comparability of results of operating income and adjusted operating margin are useful measures because they improve comparability of results of operating income and adjusted operating margin are useful measures of operating income with GAAP. Investors should rely primarily on our GAAP results and use non-GAAP financial measures only supplementally in making investment decisions. Our calculation of adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin margin are useful measures reported by other companies.



Sales, Operating Income (Loss) & Operating Margin Reconciliations

Fiscal Year Ended October 3, 2020 (\$ in millions) (unaudited)

	2	Beef	Pork	(Chicken	F	Prepared Foods	Ir	nternational/Other	Intersegment Sales		Total
Reported Sales	\$	15,742	\$ 5,128	\$	13,234	\$	8,532	\$	1,856	\$ (1,307)	s	43,185
Less: Impact of additional week (a)		(306)	(98)		(245)		(163)		(35)	28		(819)
Adjusted Sales	\$	15,436	\$ 5,030	\$	12,989	\$	8,369	\$	1,821	\$ (1,279)	s	42,366
Reported operating income (loss)	\$	1,580	\$ 565	\$	122	\$	743	\$	(2)	\$ n/a	\$	3,008
Add: Restructuring and related charges		9	3		33		27		3	n/a		75
Add: Production facility fire costs, net of insurance proceeds		1	-				1		1	n/a		1
Add/(Less): Impact of additional week		(37)	(13)		(7)		(18)		1	n/a		(74)
Adjusted operating income	\$	1,553	\$ 555	\$	148	\$	752	\$	2	\$ n/a	\$	3,010
Reported operating margin %		10.0%	11.0%		0.9%		8.7%		n/a	n/a		7.0%
Adjusted operating margin %		10.1%	11.0%		1.1%		9.0%		n/a	n/a		7.1%

(a) The estimated impact of the additional week in fiscal 2020 was calculated by dividing the fourth quarter's sales by 14 weeks.

Adjusted sales (due to the impact of the additional week in fiscal 2020), adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin are presented as supplementary measures of our operating performance that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, GAAP. We use adjusted sales, adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin income and and performance relative to that of our performance relative to that of our pers. We believe adjusted sales, adjusted operating margin are meaningful to our investors to enhance their understanding of our operating performance and are frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties to compare our performance with the performance of other companies that report adjusted sales, adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin income and adjusted operating income and adjusted operating income and adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin in a 53-week accounting cycle). Adjusted sales, adjusted operating margin should not be considered as substitutes for sales, operating margin or any other measure of operating performance reported in accordance with GAAP. Investors should rely primarily on our GAAP results and use non-GAAP financial measures only supplementally in making investment decisions. Our calculation of adjusted sales, adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.



Operating Income (Loss) & Operating Margin Reconciliations

Fiscal Year Ended September 28, 2019 (\$ in millions) (unaudited)

	₽ }	Beef	Pork	Chicken	Prepared Foods	-	International/Other	 Intersegment Sales	Total
Reported Sales	\$	15,828	\$ 4,932	\$ 13,300	\$ 8,418	\$	1,289	\$ (1,362)	\$ 42,405
Reported operating income (loss)	\$	1,050	\$ 263	\$ 621	\$ 843	\$	(7)	\$ n/a	\$ 2,770
Add: Restructuring and related charges		1	1	21	18			n/a	41
Add: Key stone purchase accounting and acquisition related costs (a)		92	(4)	13	14		24	n/a	37
Add: Production facility fire costs		31						n/a	31
Add: Impairment associated with the planned divestiture of a business	3		(10)		41			n/a	41
Adjusted operating income	_ \$	1,082	\$ 264	\$ 655	\$ 902	\$	17	\$ n/a	\$ 2,920
Reported operating margin %		6.6%	5.3%	4.7%	10.0%		n/a	n/a	6.5%
Adjusted operating margin %		6.8%	5.4%	4.9%	10.7%		n/a	n/a	6.9%

(a) Key stone acquisition and integration costs included \$11 million of purchase accounting adjustments and \$26 million acquisition related costs.

Adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin are presented as supplementary measures of our operating performance that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, GAAP. We use adjusted operating income and adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin as internal performance measurements and as a criteria for evaluating our performance relative to that of our peres. We believe adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin are meaningful to our investors to enhance their understanding of our operating performance with the performance of other companies that report adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin. Further, we believe that adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin are useful measures because they improve comparability of results of operations from period to period. Adjusted operating income and adjusted operating margin are useful measures of operating income with GAAP. Investors should reby primarily on our GAAP results and use non-GAAP financial measures only supplementally in making investment decisions. Our calculation of adjusted operating margin margin margin margin are useful measures reported by other companies.



Operating Income (Loss) & Operating Margin Reconciliations

Fiscal Year Ended September 29, 2018 (\$ in millions) (unaudited)

	_	Beef		Pork	Chicken	-	Prepared Foods	Intern	ational/Other	Intersegment Sales	Total
Reported Sales	s	15,473	\$	4,879	\$ 12,044	\$	8,668	\$	305	\$ (1,317)	\$ 40,052
Reported operating income (loss)	s	950	s	361	\$ 866	\$	845	\$	(53)	\$ n/a	\$ 2,969
Add: One-time cash bonus to frontline employees		27		12	51		19			n/a	109
Add: Restructuring and related charges		4		1	30		24			n/a	59
Add: Impairments net of realized gain associated with the divestiture of non-protein businesses (a)		- 12		52	20		68			n/a	68
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	981	\$	374	\$ 947	\$	956	\$	(53)	\$ n/a	\$ 3,205
Reported operating margin %		6.1%		7.4%	7.2%		9.7%		n/a	n/a	7.4%
Adjusted operating margin %		6.3%		7.7%	7.9%		11.0%		n/a	n/a	8.0%

(a) Included \$101 million of impairments net of \$33 million realized gains associated with the divestitures of non-protein businesses.

Adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating margin are presented as supplementary measures of our operating performance that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, GAAP. We use adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating margin are meaningful to our investors to enhance relative to that of our peers. We believe adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating margin are meaningful to our investors to enhance their understanding of our operating performance and are frequently used by securities analy strict parties to compare our performance with the perf ormance or other companies that report adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating margin. Further, we believe that adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating margin remains the performance or operating income (loss), operating income (loss), operating margin or any other measures of operating performance reported in accordance with GAAP. Investors should rely primarily or our GAAP results and use non-GAAP financial measures only supplementally in making investment decisions. Our calculation of adjusted operating margin may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.



Operating Income (Loss) & Operating Margin Reconciliations

Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017 (\$ in millions) (unaudited)

	8	Beef		Pork	Chicken	Prepared Foods	International/Other	Intersegment Sales		Total
Reported Sales	s	14,823	s	5,238	\$ 11,409	\$ 7,853	\$ 349	\$ (1,412)) \$	38,260
Reported operating income (loss)	s	818	\$	645	\$ 1,053	\$ 452	\$ (106)	\$ n/a	\$	2,862
Add: Adv ancePierre purchase accounting and acquisition related costs (a)				-	8	34	43	n/a	1	85
Add: Restructuring and related charges		8		3	56	82	1	n/a	1	150
Add: Impairment related to the expected sale of a non-protein business						45		n/a	1	45
Add: San Diego Prepared Foods operation impairment						52		n/a		52
Adjusted operating income (loss)	_ \$	826	s	648	\$ 1,117	\$ 665	\$ (62)	\$ n/a	\$	3,194
Reported operating margin %		5.5%		12.3%	9.2%	5.8%	n/a	n/a		7.5%
Adjusted operating margin %		5.6%		12.4%	9.8%	8.5%	n/a	n/a	1	8.3%

⁽a) AdvancePierre acquisition and integration costs included \$36 million of purchase accounting adjustments and \$49 million of acquisition related costs.

Adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating margin are presented as supplementary measures of our operating performance that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, GAAP. We use adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating margin in accordance with, GAAP. We use adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating margin income (loss) and adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating margin income (loss) and adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating margin or any other measures because they improve comparability of results of operating operating operating income (loss) and adjusted operating margin or any other measures of a accordance with GAAP. Investors should rely primarily on our GAAP results and use non-GAAP financial measures only supplementally in making investment decisions. Our calculation of adjusted operating margin may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other comparable to their comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other comparable to



Operating Income (Loss) & Operating Margin Reconciliations

Fiscal Year Ended September 27, 2014 (\$ in millions) (unaudited)

8		Beef	Pork	Chicken	Prepared Foods	International/Other	Intersegment Sales		Total
Reported Sales	\$	16,177	\$ 6,304	\$ 11,116	\$ 3,927	\$ 1,381	\$ (1,325)	s	37,580
Reported operating income (loss)	s	347	\$ 455	\$ 883	\$ (61)	\$ (195)	\$ n/a	s	1,429
Add: Brazil impairment/ Mexico undistributed earnings tax		9		141		42	n/a		42
Add: Hillshire Brands Acquisition, integration and costs associated with our Prepared Foods improvement plan				5	73	59	n/a		137
Add: Hillshire Brands post-closing results, purchase price accounting and ongoing costs related to a legacy Hillshire Brands plant fire			250.0	1.	40		n/a		40
Adjusted operating income (loss)	\$	347	\$ 455	\$ 888	\$ 52	\$ (94)	\$ n/a	ş	1,648
Reported operating margin %		2.1%	7.2%	7.9%	-1.6%	n/a	n/a		3.8%
Adjusted operating margin %		2.1%	7.2%	8.0%	1.3%	n/a	n/a		4.4%

Adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating margin are presented as supplementary measures of our operating performance that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, GAAP. We use adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating margin as internal performance measurements and as criteria for evaluating our performance relative to that of our peers. We believe adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating margin are meaningful to our investors to enhance their understanding of our operating performance and are frequently used by securities analystic operating performance with the performance with the performance of their companies that report adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating margin Further, we believe that adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating margin results of operating operating performance of operating income (loss), operating margin or any other measures only supplementally in making investment decisions. Our calculation of adjusted operating income (loss) and adjusted operating margin may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.



Fiscal Year Ended October 2, 2021 (\$ in millions) (unaudited)

A. S. 하		Beef		Pork	Chicken	Prepared Foods	Inter	national/Other	Total
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	3,240	S	328	\$ (625)	\$ 1,456	S	(3)	\$ 4,396
Add: Other Income (Expense)		12		1	23	37		(8)	65
EBIT	\$	3,252	s	329	\$ (602)	\$ 1,493	s	(11)	\$ 4,461
Add: Depreciation	-	108		61	476	232		57	934
Add: Amortization (a)					88	153		20	 261
EBITDA	_ \$	3,360	\$	390	\$ (38)	\$ 1,878	\$	66	\$ 5,656
Adjustments to EBITDA:									
Add: China plant relocation charge (b)	\$		S	74	\$	\$	\$	27	\$ 27
Add: Legal contingency accruals (c)					626				626
Less: Gain on sale of business		1.0				(784)			(784)
Less: Defined benefit plan gains		1.5				(34)			(34)
Add/Less: Production facilities fire costs, net of insurance proceeds (d)		(6)			23				17
Total Adjusted EBITDA	_ \$	3,354	\$	390	\$ 611	\$ 1,060	\$	93	\$ 5,508
Total gross debt									\$ 9,348
Less: Cash and cash equivalents									(2,507)
Less: Short-term investments								125	- 1
Total net debt								-	\$ 6,841
Ratio Calculations:									
Net debt/EBITDA									1.2x
Net debt/Adjusted EBITDA									1.2x

(a) Excludes the amortization of debt issuance and debt discount expense of \$19 million for the fiscal year ended October 2, 2021 as it is included in Interest expense.

(b) Relates to a plant relocation from a government land expropriation and includes accelerated depreciation and team member related charges recognized as an increase of Cost of Sales.

(c) Legal contingency accruals included \$545 million recognized as a reduction of Sales and \$81 million recognized as an increase of Cost of Sales.

(d) Relates to fires at production facilities in Chicken in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2021 and Beef in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2019. Amount includes direct incremental costs, net of insurance proceeds, of \$23 million net expense recognized in Cost of Sales and \$6 million net proceeds recognized in Other, net for fiscal 2021.

EBIT is defined as net income before interest and income taxes. EBITDA is defined as net income before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Net debt to EBITDA (and Adjusted EBITDA) represents the ratio of our debt, net of cash, cash equiv alents, and short-term investments, to EBITDA (and Adjusted EBITDA). EBIT, EBITDA, and tebt to EBITDA and net debt to Adjusted EBITDA are presented as supplemental financial measures in the evaluation of our business. Adjusted EBITDA is a tool intended to assist our management and investors in comparing our performance on a consistent basis for purposes of business decision-making by removing the impact of certain items that management believes do not directly reflect our core operations on an ongoing basis.

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Fiscal Year Ended October 3, 2020 (\$ in millions) (unaudited)

	Beef	Pork		Chicken	Prepared Foods	International/Other		Total
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ 1,580	\$ 56	5 \$	122	\$ 743	\$ (2	\$	3,008
Add: Other Income (Expense)	2			28	106			131
EBIT	\$ 1,582	\$ 56	5 \$	150	\$ 849	\$ (7	\$	3,139
Add: Depreciation	 106	 5	5	462	234	42		900
Add: Amortization (a)				91	164	2:	1	278
EBITDA	\$ 1,688	\$ 62	\$	703	\$ 1,247	\$ 58	\$	4,317
Adjustments to EBITDA:								
Add: Restructuring and related charges	\$ 9	\$	3 \$	33	\$ 27	\$	\$	75
Add: Production facility fire costs, net of insurance proceeds	1		-					1
Less: Defined benefit plan gains			-		(116)		.,	(116)
Less: Impact of additional week	(39)	(14)	(18)	(25)		8	(96)
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 1,659	\$ 61	\$	718	\$ 1,133	\$ 6:	. \$	4,181
Total gross debt							\$	11,339
Less: Cash and cash equivalents								(1,420)
Less: Short-term investments								
Total net debt							\$	9,919
Ratio Calculations:								
Net debt/EBITDA								2.3x
Net debt/Adjusted EBITDA								2.4x

(a) Excludes the amortization of debt issuance and debt discount expense of \$14 million as it is included in Interest expense.

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Fiscal Year Ended September 28, 2019 (\$ in millions) (unaudited)

uncuj		Beef	Pork	Chicken	Prepared Foods		International/Other	Total
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	1,050	\$ 263	\$ 621	\$ 84	3 5	\$ (7)	\$ 2,770
Add: Other Income (Expense)		(1)		8	(1:	2)	60	55
EBIT	\$	1,049	\$ 263	\$ 629	\$ 83	1 :	\$ 53	\$ 2,825
Add: Depreciation	100	97	47	420	22	7	28	819
Add: Amortization (a)				93	17	0	4	267
EBITDA	_ \$	1,146	\$ 310	\$ 1,142	\$ 1,22	8 9	\$ 85	\$ 3,911
Adjustments to EBITDA:								
Add: Restructuring and related charges	\$	1	\$ 1	\$ 21	\$ 1	8 5	\$ -	\$ 41
Add: Production facility fire costs		31						31
Add: Loss from pension plan termination				15				15
Add: Key stone purchase accounting and acquisition related costs		-		13			24	37
Add: Impairment associated with the planned divestiture of a business					4	1		41
Less: Gain on sale of investment	0.1.10						(55)	(55)
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$	1,178	\$ 311	\$ 1,191	\$ 1,28	17 5	\$ 54	\$ 4,021
Total gross debt								\$ 11,932
Less: Cash and cash equivalents								(484)
Less: Short-term investments								(1)
Total net debt								\$ 11,447
Ratio Calculations:								
Net debt/EBITDA								2.9x
Net debt/Adjusted EBITDA								2.8x

(a) Excludes the amortization of debt issuance and debt discount expense of \$12 million as it is included in Interest expense.

EBIT is defined as net income before interest and income taxes. EBITDA is defined as net income before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Net debt to EBITDA (and Adjusted EBITDA) represents the ratio of our debt, net of cash, cash equiv alents, and short-term investments, to EBITDA (and Adjusted EBITDA). EBIT, EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA and net debt to EBITDA are presented as supplemental financial measures in the evaluation of our business. Adjusted EBITDA is a tool intended to assist our management and investors in comparing our performance on a consistent basis for purposes of business decision-making by removing the impact of certain items that management believes do not directly reflect our core operations on an ongoing basis.

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Fiscal Year Ended September 29, 2018 (\$ in millions) (unaudited)

intedj		Beef	Pork		Chicken	Prepared Foods	International/Other	Total
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	950	\$	361	\$ 866	\$ 845		\$ 2,969
Add: Other Income (Expense)					32	24	11.	56
EBIT	\$	950	\$	361	\$ 898	\$ 869	\$ (53)	\$ 3,025
Add: Depreciation	-57	100		42	334	238	9	723
Add: Amortization (a)		3			34	172	1	210
EBITDA	\$	1,053	\$	403	\$ 1,266	\$ 1,279	\$ (43)	\$ 3,958
Adjustments to EBITDA:								
Add: One-time cash bonus to frontline employees	\$	27	\$	12	\$ 51	\$ 19	\$ -	\$ 109
Add: Impairments net of realized gain associated with the divestiture of non-protein businesses (b)		0.7				68		68
Add: Restructuring and related charges		4		1	30	24	-	59
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$	1,084	\$	416	\$ 1,347	\$ 1,390	\$ (43)	\$ 4,194
Total gross debt								\$ 9,873
Less: Cash and cash equivalents								(270)
Less: Short-term investments								(1)
Total net debt							8.7	\$ 9,602
Ratio Calculations:								
Net debt/EBITDA								2.4x
Net debt/Adjusted EBITDA								2.3x

(a) Excludes the amortization of debt issuance and debt discount expense of \$10 million as it is included in Interest expense.

(b) Included \$101 million of impairments, net of \$33 million of realized gains associated with the divestiture of non-protein businesses.

EBIT is defined as net income before interest and income taxes. EBITDA is defined as net income before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Net debt to EBITDA (and Adjusted EBITDA) represents the ratio of our debt, net of cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments, to EBITDA (and Adjusted EBITDA). EBIT, EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA and net debt to Adjusted EBITDA are presented as supplemental financial measures in the evaluation of our business. Adjusted EBITDA is a tool intended to assist our management and investors in comparing our performance on a consistent basis for purposes of business decision-making by removing the impact of certain items that management believes do not directly reflect our core operations on an ongoing basis.

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Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2017 (\$ in millions) (unaudited)

uitouj		Beef	Pork		Chicken	Prepared Foods	International/Other	Total
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	818	\$ 645	\$	1,053	\$ 452	\$ (106)	\$ 2,862
Add: Other Income (Expense)		(1)			16	(18)	(18)	(21)
EBIT	\$	817	\$ 645	\$	1,069	\$ 434	\$ (124)	\$ 2,841
Add: Depreciation	79	90	35	5	288	220	9	642
Add: Amortization (a)		2	1		8	95	-	106
EBITDA	\$	909	\$ 681	. \$	1,365	\$ 749	\$ (115)	\$ 3,589
Adjustments to EBITDA:								
Add: Adv ancePierre purchase accounting and acquisition related costs (b)	\$		\$	- \$	8	\$ 34	\$ 61	\$ 103
Add: Impairment related to the expected sale of a non-protein business						45		45
Add: Restructuring and related charges		8	3	1	56	82	1	150
Add: San Diego Prepared Foods operation impairment	0.000.000				2	52	1	52
Total Adjusted EBITDA	\$	917	\$ 684	\$	1,429	\$ 962	\$ (53)	\$ 3,939
Total gross debt								\$ 10,203
Less: Cash and cash equivalents								(318)
Less: Short-term investments							(%)	(3)
Total net debt								\$ 9,882
Ratio Calculations:								
Net debt/EBITDA								2.8x
Net debt/Adjusted EBITDA								2.5x

(a) Excludes the amortization of debt issuance and debt discount expense of \$13 million as it is included in Interest expense.

(b) AdvancePierre acquisition and integration costs included \$36 million of purchase accounting adjustments, \$49 million acquisition related costs and \$18 million of acquisition bridge financing fees.

EBIT is defined as net income before interest and income taxes. EBITDA is defined as net income before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Net debt to EBITDA (and Adjusted EBITDA) represents the ratio of our debt, net of cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments, to EBITDA (and Adjusted EBITDA). EBIT, EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA and net debt to EBITDA are presented as supplemental financial measures in the evaluation of our business. Adjusted EBITDA is a tool intended to assist our management and investors in comparing our performance on a consistent basis for purposes of business decision-making by removing the impact of certain items that management believes do not directly reflect our core operations on an ongoing basis.

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EBITDA Reconciliations

Fiscal Year Ended October 1, 2016 (\$ in millions) (unaudited)

itedj		Beef		Pork	Chicken	Prepared Foods	International/Othe	r	Total
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	342	\$	526	\$ 1,295	\$ 723	\$ (8	1) \$	2,805
Add: Other Income (Expense)		5		2	20	11		2)	36
EBIT	\$	347	s	528	\$ 1,315	\$ 734	\$ (8	3) \$	2,841
Add: Depreciation		90		32	273	212	1	0	617
Add: Amortization (a)		4		1	1	74			80
EBITDA	\$_	441	s	561	\$ 1,589	\$ 1,020	\$ (7	3) \$	3,538
Total gross debt								\$	6,279
Less: Cash and cash equivalents									(349)
Less: Short-term investments									(4)
Total net debt								- \$	5,926
Ratio Calculations;									
Net deht/ERITDA									1.7v

(a) Excludes the amortization of debt issuance and debt discount expense of \$8 million as it is included in Interest expense.

EBIT is defined as net income before interest and income taxes. EBITDA is defined as net income before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. Net debt to EBITDA represents the ratio of our debt, net of cash, cash equivalents, and short-term investments, to EBITDA. EBIT, EBITDA, and net debt to EBITDA are presented as supplemental financial measures in the evaluation of our business.

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International Business Supplemental Information Operating Income (Loss) Reconciliations

(\$ in millions) (unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended

		October 2, 2021		October 3, 2020	S	September 28, 2019		September 29, 2018		September 30, 2017		October 1, 2016
International business Sales	\$	1,990	\$	1,856	S	1,289	S	305	S	349	S	380
Less: Impact of additional week (a)	2000		3773	(35)	1,000	-				2	200	
Adjusted International business Sales	\$	1,990	\$	1,821	\$	1,289	s	305	S	349	\$	380
International/Other operating income (loss)	\$	(3)	\$	(2)	\$	(7)	s	(53)	s	(106)	\$	(81)
Adjustments to remove operating income (loss) of non-International business:				-								
Third-party merger and integration costs		2		5		36		26		67		37
Dy namic Fuels				-		(11)		(11)		(9)		(2)
International business operating income (loss)	\$	(1)	\$	3	\$	18	\$	(38)	S	(48)	S	(46)
Add: China plant relocation charge (b)		27										
Add: Restructuring and related charges				3						1		
Add: Impact of additional week				1								
Add: Keystone purchase accounting related costs	100					3						
Adjusted International business operating income (loss)	\$	26	\$	7	\$	21	\$	(38)	\$	(47)	\$	(46)

(a) The estimated impact of the additional week of fiscal 2020 was calculated by dividing the fourth quarter's reported sales by 14 weeks.

(b) Relates to a plant relocation from a government land expropriation and includes accelerated depreciation and team member related charges.

International business sales and operating income (loss) are included in International/Other for segment presentation purposes and are presented separately as supplemental information (and are not required to presented in accordance with GAAP) as we believe they are meaningful to our investors to enhance their understanding of our financial performance. International business adjusted sales (due to the impact of the additional week in fiscal 2020) and adjusted operating income (loss) are presented in accordance with, GAAP. We use international business adjusted sales and adjusted operating income (loss) as internal performance measurements and as criteria for evaluating our performance relative to that of our peers. We believe international business adjusted operating income (loss) are meaningful to our investors to enhance their understanding of our financial performance andare frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties to compare our performance with the performance of other companies that report adjusted operating income (loss), Further, we believe that international business adjusted operating income (loss) are useful measures because they improve comparability of results of operations from period to period. Adjusted operating income (loss), Bould not be considered as substitutes for sales, operating income (loss) or any other measure of operating income (loss) or any other measure of perating income (loss) may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.



International Business Supplemental Information Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliations

(\$ in millions) (unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended

		October 2, 2021	(October 3, 2020	5	September 28, 2019	S	September 29, 2018		September 30, 2017		October 1, 2016
International/Other Operating Income (Loss)	\$		\$	(2)				(53)			\$	(81)
Adjustments to remove Operating Income (Loss) of non-International business:												
Third-party merger and integration costs		2		5		36		26		67		37
Dy namic Fuels	The second second				1	(11)		(11)		(9)		(2)
International business Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(1)	\$	3	\$	18	\$	(38)	.\$	(48)	\$	(46)
Add/(Less): Other Income (Expense)		(8)		(5)		60				(18)		(2)
Adjustments to remove Other Income (Expense) of non-International business:												
Gain on sale of investment		0.50		0.0		(55)						
Acquisition bridge financing fees		-								18		
International business EBIT	\$	(9)	\$	(2)	\$	23	\$	(38)	\$	(48)	\$	(48)
Add: Depreciation		57		42	0	28		9	-	9		10
Add: Amortization		20		23		4		1				
International business EBITDA	\$	68	\$	63	\$	55	\$	(28)	S	(39)	\$	(38)
Adjustments to International business EBITDA:												
Add: Restructuring and related charges	\$	1100	\$	3	\$		\$		S	1	5	
Add: China plant relocation charge (a)		27										1
Add: Impact of additional week		ne.										
Add: Key stone purchase accounting and acquisition related costs						3						4
Total Adjusted International business EBITDA	\$	95	\$	66	\$	58	\$	(28)	S	(38)	\$	(38)

(a) Relates to a plant relocation from a government land expropriation and includes accelerated depreciation and team member related charges recognized as an increase of Cost of Sales.

International business operating income (loss) and EBIT are included in International/Other for segment presentation purposes and are presented separately as supplemental information (and are not required to presented in accordance with GAAP) as we believe it is meaningful to our investors to enhance their understanding of our financial performance. EBIT is defined as net income before interest and income taxes. EBITDA is defined as net income before interest, income taxes, depreciation and amortization. International business EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA, are presented as supplemental financial measures in the evaluation of our business. International business Adjusted EBITDA is a tool intended to assist our management and investors in comparing our performance on a consistent basis for purposes of business decision-measures in them standangement believes do not directly reflect our core operations on an ongoing basis.

We believe the presentation of these financial measures are meaningful to our investors to enhance their understanding of our financial performance and are frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties to compare our performance with the performance of other companies that report EBIT, EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered as substitutes for net income or any other measure of financial performance reported in accordance with GAAP or as a measure of operating cash flow or liquidity. Investors should rely primarily on our GAAP results and use non-GAAP financial measures only supplementally in making investment decisions. Our calculation of EBIT, EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.



Earnings Per Share Reconciliations

(\$ in millions, except per share data) (unaudited)

	- 1					Fiscal Yea	ar Ended					
	Octobe	r 2, 2021	Octobe	r 3, 2020	Septembe	er 28, 2019	Septembe	r 29, 2018	Septembe	r 30, 2017	October	1, 2016
	Pretax Impact	EPS Impact										
Reported net income per share attributable to Tyson (GAAP EPS)		\$ 8.34		\$ 5.64		\$ 5.40		\$ 8.04		\$ 4.69		\$ 4.53
Add: Legal contingency accrual	\$ 626	1.31	s -	3.7	\$ -		\$ -		\$ -	(12)	\$ -	
Add: China plant relocation	27	0.06		14		-		2	2	-	-	2
Less: Gain on sale of business	(784)	(1.40)	(*)	1.0	1000		280	38		100	9	- 8
Add/(Less): Defined benefit plan loss (gain)	(34)	(0.07)	(116)	(0.24)	15	0.03	553		-			
Add: Production facilities fire costs, net of insurance proceeds	17	0.04	1	-	31	0.06	14.0	- 10			-	
Add: Restructuring and related charges	•	*	75	0.16	41	0.08	59	0.12	150	0.26	94	20
Less: Impact of additional week	*0		(65)	(0.14)	5000	19	383				2.4	
Add: Key stone purchase accounting and acquisition related costs	1				37	0.08		-		-		2
Less: Gain on sale of investment	- 20		1.00	194	(55)	(0.11)					-	
Add: Impairments net of realized gains associated with the divestitures of businesses					41	0.09	68	0.34	45	(0.01)		
Add: One-time cash bonus to frontline employees	20	2.1	75	-	540	-	109	0.22	-	-		- 2
Add: San Diego Prepared Foods operation impairment	40			-		74			52	0.09		
Add: Adv ancePierre purchase accounting and acquisition related costs	13		3.00	67	(-6)	78	7.5	135	103	0.18	199	*
Less: Tax benefit from remeasurement of net deferred tax liabilities at lower enacted tax rates	4	-	72	14	100			(2.71)	-	720	-	
Less: Recognition of previously unrecognized tax benefit and audit settlement	+		3.40			(0.29)						(0.14)
Adjusted net income per share attributable to Tyson (Adjusted EPS)		\$ 8.28		\$ 5.42		\$ 5.34		\$ 6.01		\$ 5.21		\$ 4.39

Adjusted net income per share attributable to Tyson (Adjusted EPS) is presented as a supplementary measure of our financial performance that is not required by, or presented in accordance with, GAAP. We use Adjusted EPS as an internal performance measurement and as a criterion for evaluating our performance relative to that of our peers. We believe Adjusted EPS is meaningful to our investors to enhance their understanding of our financial performance and is frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties to compare our performance with the performance that report Adjusted EPS. Further, we believe that Adjusted EPS is a useful measure because it improves comparability of results of operations from period to period. Adjusted EPS should not be considered a substitute for net income per share attributable to Tyson or any other measure of financial performance with GAAP. Investors should rely primarily on our GAAP results and use non-GAAP financial measures only supplementally in making investment decisions. Our calculation of Adjusted EPS may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.



Return on Invested Capital (ROIC) Reconciliations

(\$ in millions, except percentages) (unaudited)

					Fiscal Year Ended								
	Octo	ber 2, 2021	October 3, 2020	- 3	September 28, 2019	5	September 29, 2018	8	September 30, 2017		October 1, 2016		Average
Reported Operating Income	\$	4,396	\$ 3,008	\$	2,770	\$	2,969	\$	2,862	5	2,805	\$	3,135
Pre-tax Impact of Adjustments (a)		(108)	2		150		236		332	1			102
Adjusted Operating Income (a)	\$	4,288	\$ 3,010	\$	2,920	\$	3,205	\$	3,194	9	2,805	S	3,237
x (1 - Effective Tax Rate) (b)	81	75.7%	77.7%		83.9%		73.4%		67.8%		68.2%		74.5%
Reported Operating Income After Tax	\$	3,328	\$ 2,337	\$	2,324	\$	2,180	\$	1,940	3	1,913	\$	2,337
x (1 - Effective Tax Rate) (b)		75.7%	77.7%		83.9%	92	73.4%		67.8%		68.2%		74.5%
Adjusted Operating Income After Tax	\$	3,246	\$ 2,339	\$	2,450	\$	2,354	\$	2,166	9	1,913	\$	2,411
Total Debt	\$	9,348	\$ 11,339	\$	11,932	\$	9,873	\$	10,203	9	6,279	\$	9,829
Total Shareholders Equity		17,854	15,386		14,094		12,721		10,523		9,624		13,367
Less Cash		(2,507)	(1,420)		(484)		(270)		(318)		(349)		(891)
Total Capitalization	\$	24,695	\$ 25,305	\$	25,542	\$	22,324	\$	20,408	9	15,554	\$	22,305
Average beginning and ending total capitalization	\$	25,000	\$ 25,424	\$	23,933	\$	21,366	\$	17,981	9	15,631	s	21,556
ROIC		13.3%	9.2%		9.7%		10.2%		10.8%		12.2%		10.8%
Adjusted ROIC		13.0%	9.2%		10.2%		11.0%		12.0%		12.2%		11.2%

- (a) Refer to the separate Operating Income and Operating Margin Reconciliations for fiscally ears presented for a reconciliation of adjusted operating income to reported operating income.
- (b) The effective tax rate for the fiscal year ended September 29, 2018 excludes the impact of approximately \$1 billion related to the tax benefit from remeasurement of net deferred tax liabilities at lower enacted tax rates.

Return on Invested Capital (ROIC) is calculated by dividing after-tax operating income (and after-tax adjusted operating income), by the average of beginning and ending total debt and shareholders' equity less cash and cash equivalents. ROIC and Adjusted ROIC are presented as supplementary measures in the evaluation of our business shat are not required by, or presented in accordance with, GAAP. We use ROIC and Adjusted ROIC are meaningful to our investors to evaluate the efficiency and effectiveness of the Corporation's long-term capital investments and are frequently used by securities analysts, investors and other interested parties to compare our performance with the performance of other companies that report ROIC and Adjusted ROIC is a tool intended to assist our management and investors in comparing our ROIC performance on a consistent basis by removing the impact of certain items that management believes do not directly reflect our core operations on an ongoing basis. ROIC and Adjusted ROIC as substitutes for other information reported in accordance with GAAP. Investors should rely primarily on our GAAP results and use non-GAAP financial measures only supplementally in making investment decisions. Our calculation of ROIC and Adjusted ROIC may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies.

